

# GULSHAN SPINNING MILLS LIMITED

**ANNUAL REPORT 2020** 

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# GULSHAN SPINNING MILLS LIMITED COMPANY INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Muhammad Akhtar Mirza (Chairman)

Mr. Sohail Maqsood (Chief Executive)

Mr.Muhammad Ashraf Khan

Mr. Abid Sattar

Mr. Muhammad Arif

Mr. Muhammad Asif Akram

Mr.Muhamad Junaid

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr.Muhammad Junaid (Chairman)

Mr. Abid Sattar

Mr. Muhammad Akhtar Mirza

HR & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Muhammad Asif Akram (Chairman)

Mr. Abid Sattar

Mr. Muhammad Akhtar Mirza

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr. Muhammad Shahid

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Muhammad Ijaz

AUDITORS

M/s. Malik Haroon Shahid Safdar & Co

Chartered Accountants

Lahore.

LEGAL ADVISOR

Akhtar Javed-Advocate

SHARE REGISTRAR OFFICE

M/s. Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt) Ltd.

Karachi Chamber

Hasrat Mohani Road Karachi

Ph. 32424826, 32412754, Fax. 32424835

REGISTERED OFFICE

2nd Floor, Finlay House,

I.I. Chundrigar Road,

Karachi.

REGIONAL OFFICE

2nd Floor, Garden Heights,

8Aibak Block, New Garden Town,

Lahore.

MILLS

Unit-I Tibba Sultanpur, Dist. Vehari

Unit-II Jumber Khurd Tehsil Chunnian Dist. Kasur

Unit-III Warburton Dist. Nankana Sahib

WEB PRESENCE

http://www.gulshan.com.pk/corporate/gulshan.html

# **CORPORATE VISION / MISSION STATEMENT**



# Vision:

We aim to re-built the Company.



# Mission:

To become again a quality manufacturer of textile products.

# GULSHAN SPINNING MILLS LIMITED

# NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that Annual General Meeting of Gulshan Spinning Mills Limited (the "Company") will be held at 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor Finlay House, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi on Saturday 30<sup>th</sup> October, 2021 at 01:15 p.m, to transact the following business:

- 5. To confirm the minutes of the last Annual General Meeting of the Company.
- To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended on June 30, 2020 together with Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon.
- 7. To appoint auditors of the company for the next financial year 2020-2021 and fix their remuneration. The retiring Auditors M/s Malik Haroon Shahid Safdar & Co, Chartered Accountants, being eligible, have offered themselves for reappointment as Auditors of the company.
- 8. To transact any other business with the permission of the Chairman.

By Order of the Board Muhammad Ijaz Company Secretary

Lahore: October 09, 2021

# NOTES:

- 5- The share transfer books of the company will remain closed and no transfer of shares will be accepted for registration from 23<sup>rd</sup> October, 2021 to 30<sup>th</sup> October, 2021 (both days inclusive).
- 6- A member entitled to attend and vote at the general meeting may appoint any other member as proxy in writing to attend the meeting and vote on his/her behalf. Duly completed form(s) of proxy must be deposited with the Company at the Registered Office of the Company not later than 48 hours before the time fixed for the meeting.
- 7- CDC Account Holders are requested to bring with them their CNIC along with participant I.D &their account number at the time of meeting in order to facilitate identification. In case of corporate entity, a certified BOD resolution/ valid power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee be produced at the time of meeting.
- 8- Members are requested to notify immediately changes of their addresses (if any) to our Shares Registrar M/s Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt) Limited, Karachi Chamber, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi.

# كلشن اسپننگ ملز لميثلاً

# سالانہ جنرل میٹنگ کا نوٹس۔

نوٹس اس طرح دیا گیا ہے کہ گلستان اسپننگ ملز لمیٹڈ ("کمپنی") کی سالانہ جنرل میٹنگ دوسری منزل فنلے ہاؤس ، I.I میں منعقد ہوگی۔ چندریگر روڈ ، کراچی ہفتہ 30 اکتوبر ، 2021 کو دوپہر 01:15 بجے ، درج ذیل کاروبار کرنے کے لیے:

1. کمپنی کی آخری سالانہ جنرل میٹنگ کے منٹس کی تصدیق کرنا۔

2. 30 جون 2020 کو ختم ہونے والے مالی سال کے لیے کمپنی کے آڈٹ شدہ مالی بیانات کو وصول کرنے ، ان پر غور کرنے اور ان کو اپنانے کے لیے ڈائریکٹرز اور آڈیٹرز کی رپورٹس کے ساتھ 3. اگلے مالی سال 2020-2021 کے لیے کمپنی کے آڈیٹر مقرر کرنا اور ان کا معاوضہ طے کرنا۔ ریٹائر ہونے والے آڈیٹرز میسرز ملک ہارون شاہد صفدر اینڈ کمپنی ، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس ، اہل ہونے کے باوجود ، کمپنی کے آڈیٹر کے طور پر دوبارہ تقرری کے لیے پیش ہوئے ہیں۔

4. چیئرمین کی اجازت سے کسی دوسرے کاروبار کا لین دین کرنا۔

بورڈ کے حکم سے۔

محمد اعجاز -

لابور: كميني سيكراثري.

09 اكتوبر 2021-

# نوٹس:

1- کمپنی کی شیئر ٹرانسفر بکس بند رہیں گی اور 23 اکتوبر 2021 سے 30 اکتوبر 2021 (دونوں دن شامل) کے رجسٹریشن کے لیے شیئرز کی کوئی منتقلی قبول نہیں کی جائے گی۔

2- عام اجلاس میں شرکت اور ووٹ دینے کا حقدار رکن کسی دوسرے ممبر کو تحریری طور پر اجلاس میں شرکت اور اپنی طرف سے ووٹ دینے کے لیے مقرر کر سکتا ہے۔ پراکسی کا مکمل طور پر مکمل شدہ فارم کمپنی کے ساتھ کمپنی کے رجسٹرڈ آفس میں جمع کروانا ضروری ہے جو کہ میٹنگ کے مقررہ وقت سے 48 گھنٹے پہلے نہیں۔

3- سی ڈی سی اکاؤنٹ ہولڈرز سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ شناخت کے لیے سہولت کے لیے میٹنگ کے وقت شرکت کنندہ آئی ڈی اور اپنا اکاونٹ نمبر کے ساتھ اپنا CNIC ساتھ لائیں۔ کارپوریٹ ادارے کے معاملے میں ، نامزد کے نمونے کے دستخط کے ساتھ ایک مصدقہ BOD ریزولوشن/ درست پاور آف اٹارنی میٹنگ کے وقت پیش کی جائے گی۔

4- ممبران سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ فوری طور پر اپنے پتے (اگر کوئی ہو) ہمارے شیئرز رجسٹرار میسرز حمید مجید ایسوسی ایٹس (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڈ ، کراچی چیمبر ، حسرت موہانی روڈ ، کراچی کو مطلع کریں

# **CHAIRMAN REVIEW**

It is my privilege to be serving as a chairman of Board of Directors of M/S Gulshan Spinning Mills Limited (the "Company"). I would like to thank our esteemed shareholders for entrusting me for guiding directions of the company.

The Company is very hopeful that with restructuring and settlement of amounts, the pending issues with financial institutions will be resolved, the financial health of the Company will be improved which will enable the Company to focus on new profitable avenues. The Scheme of Arrangement under section 279 of the Companies Act 2017 has been duly sanctioned by the Honorable Sindh High Court at Karachi. The liability of the Company will be settled in terms of the Scheme of Arrangement. All pending litigations with banks will be withdrawn as per the Scheme of Arrangement.

### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The performance of our Board and the services render by the management and staff of the Company is appreciated.

Muhammad Akhtar Mirza

Lahore :- Oct-05-2021

چینر مین کا جائزہ

میسرز گلشن اسپننگ ملز لمیٹڈ ("کمپنی") کے بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کے طور پر خدمات انجام دینا میرے لیے اعزاز کی بات ہے۔ میں اپنے معزز شیئر ہولڈرز کا شکریہ ادا کرنا چاہتا ہوں کہ انہوں نے کمپنی کی رہنمائی کے لیے مجھے سونپا۔

کمپنی بہت پرامید ہے کہ رقم کی تنظیم نو اور تصفیہ کے ساتھ مالیاتی اداروں کے زیر التوا مسائل حل ہو جائیں گے ، کمپنی کی مالی صحت بہتر ہو جائے گی جس سے کمپنی نئے منافع بخش راستوں پر توجہ دے سکے گی۔ کمپنیز ایکٹ 2017 کے سیکشن 279 کے تحت بندوبست کی اسکیم کو معزز سندھ بائی کورٹ کراچی نے باقاعدہ طور پر منظور کیا ہے۔ کمپنی کی ذمہ داری اسکیم آف آرینجمنٹ کے لحاظ سے طے کی جائے گی۔ انتظامات کی اسکیم کے مطابق بینکوں کے ساتھ تمام زیر التوا مقدمات واپس لے لیے جائیں گے۔

جانكارى-

ہمارے بورڈ کی کارکردگی اور کمپنی کے انتظام اور عملے کی خدمات کو سراہا جاتا ہے۔

محمد اختر مرزاـ

لاہور: اکتوبر 05-2021



2" Floor Finlay House I.I. Chundrigar Road , Karachi (Pakistan) Tel: (92-42) 37175828 info@gulshan.com.pk www.gulshan.com.pk

# Director's Report to Shareholders

The Directors of your Company are pleased to place their report together with the Auditor's Report and audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2020 at the Annual General Meeting of Company.

The previous auditors of the company (Retiring Auditor) appointed for the financial year ending June 30, 2020 failed to comply with its statutory duties by not signing the financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2020. Accordingly, the SECP was informed immediately by the company and the company also approached ICAP for redressal of the grievance of the company. Furthermore, the BOD had also immediately upon receipt of the resignation of the Auditor convened the meeting of the BOD wherein, the BOD was pleased to appoint M/S Malik Haroon Shahid Safder and Co. Chartered Accountants as Auditors of the Company ("New Auditor") for the financial year ending June 30, 2020. Therefore, the sole reason for delay in finalization of accounts was on the part of the Retiring Auditor.

### Overview

The litigation with financial institutions forced the Company to initiate restructuring of its debt obligations subject to reconciliation to discharge its commitments to its lenders. The Company has initiated the debt restructuring process with the help of the key lending financial institutions. In this regard a Scheme of Arrangement under section 279 to 283 & 285 of the Companies Act 2017 (Scheme of Arrangement) has already been sanctioned by the Hon'ble Sindh High Court at Karachi (the "Court"). The Scheme will be implemented in letter and spirit as sanctioned by the Court. As per the Scheme of Arrangement all the litigation will be withdrawn by the creditors of the Company.

### Operating & Financial Performance

Operating indicators	2020	2019	
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	
Sales	8	-	
Cost of goods sold	*	-	
Financial cost	(19,745)	(269,534,082)	
Pre-tax Loss	(19,157,723)	(699,626,617)	
Provision for taxation	-	43,199,447	
Loss after taxation	(19,157,723)	(656,427,170)	

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### **Future Outlook**

The restructuring process is expected to be completed soon, once the Scheme of Arrangement is implemented, the Company will be in a better position to structure the way forward.

> The Company is very hopeful that with restructuring and settlement of amounts, the pending issues with financial institutions will be resolved, the financial health of the Company will be improved which will enable the Company to focus on new profitable avenues.

## **Auditors' Observations**

- Company has fully provided the amount of mark-up in the annexed financial statement as per the amount confirmed by all the banks/financial institutions in the Scheme of Arrangement.
- > The auditor shows their reservation only that they have not received the confirmation directly from the Banks to them as per their normal audit procedure. However, it is relevant to mention here that in annexed financial statement, the amount of loan has been taken from the Scheme of Arrangement which was confirmed by the secured creditors and was submitted before the Court.
- Stock in trade is not verifiable because various go-downs have been sealed as per the court order(s). Therefore, the go-down will be de-sealed with the permission of the concerned court(s).

# Corporate Governance

The Company has been complying with the rules & regulations of Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and has implemented better internal control policies with more rigorous checks and balances.

# Board meetings and attendance

Four (4) meetings of the Board of Directors were held and attendance thereof by each director is as follows:

Name of Director		No	of meeting attended	d	
Mr. Muhammad	Akhtar Mirza			4	
Mr. Sohail Maqso	od			4	
Mr. Muhammad	unaid			3	
Mr. Muhammad	Ashraf Khan			4	
Mr. Muhammad	Asif Akram		40	2	
Mr. Abid Sattar				4	
Mr. Muhammad	Arif			3	

Leaves of absence were granted to the members who could not attend the meetings.

# **Audit Committee**

The Board of Directors of the Company in compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance has established an Audit Committee. Four (4) meetings of the Audit Committee were held and attendance thereof by each member is as follows:

Name of Members	No of meeting attended
Mr. Muhammad Junaid	4
Mr. Abid Sattar	4
Mr. Muhammad Akhtar Mirza	4



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### HR & Remuneration Committee

The Board of Directors of the Company in compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance has also established HR & Remuneration Committee. The names of its members are given in the Company information.

### Internal Audit Function

The Board has implemented a sound and effective internal control system including operational, financial and compliance controls to carry on the business of the Company in a controlled environment in an efficient manner to address the Company's basic objectives.

Internal audit findings are reviewed by the Audit Committee, where necessary, action taken on the basis of recommendations contained in the internal audit reports.

# Corporate Governance & Financial Reporting Framework

As required by the code of corporate governance, directors are pleased to report that:

- The financial statements prepared by the Management of the Company present fairly its true state of
  affairs, the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- Proper books of account of the Company have been maintained.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- International accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan have been followed in preparation of financial statements.
- The system of internal control is sound and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance as detailed in the listing regulations of the stock exchanges.
- Key operating and financial data for the last six years is annexed.
- There are no statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges which are outstanding as on June 30, 2020 except for those disclosed in the financial statements.
- No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of your Company have occurred between the end of the financial year to which this Balance Sheet relates and the date of the Directors' Report, except for those disclosed in the financial statements.

### Earnings/(Loss) Per Share

The loss per share of the Company for the period ended June 30, 2020 was Rs. (0.86) as compared to the previous year of Rs. (29.54)

### Dividends

Due to circumstances discussed above, the Board of Directors does not recommend dividend for the year ended on June 30, 2020.

### Corporate Social Responsibility

Your company is responsible corporate citizen and fully recognizes its responsibility towards community, employees and environment.

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# Web presence

Annual and periodical financial statements of the Company are also available on the Company website www.gulshan.com.pk for information of the shareholders and others.

# **Related Party Transactions**

The transactions between the related parties were made at Arm's Length prices determined in accordance with the "comparable uncontrolled price method". The Company has fully complied with the best practices on transfer pricing as contained in the listing regulations of stock exchanges in Pakistan.

# Trading in Company's Shares

During the year under review, there is no trading in shares of the Company by the Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and their spouse and minor children.

# Statement on Value of Staff Retirement Benefit

As on June 30, 2020 deferred liability for gratuity is Rs. 16,431,796/-

### Auditors

Messrs Malik Haroon Shahid Safder & Co., Chartered Accountants being eligible have offered themselves for re-appointment. The Audit Committee has also recommended their appointment as External Auditors of the Company for the next financial year 2020-2021.

### Pattern of Shareholding

The pattern of shareholding as at June 30, 2020 including the information under the code of corporate of governance is annexed.

### Acknowledgement

The Board wishes to place on record its appreciation for the employees, members of management team for their efforts, commitment and hard work and to the shareholders who have accepted the Scheme of Arrangement in the meeting held pursuant to the orders of the Sindh High Court.

On behalf of the Board

Lahore 05.10.2021

Muhammad Akhtar Mirza

Chairman

Somning Mills Limited

Sohail Maqsood Chief Executive

شیئر ہولڈرز کو ڈائریکٹر کی رپورٹ۔

آپ کی کمپنی کے ڈائریکٹرز 30 جون 2020 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے کمپنی کی سالانہ جنرل میٹنگ میں آڈیٹر کی رپورٹ اور آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی بیانات کے ساتھ اپنی رپورٹ پیش کرنے پر خوش ہیں۔

30 جون 2020 کو ختم ہونے والے مالی سال کے لیے مقرر کردہ کمپنی کے سابقہ آڈیٹرز (ریٹائرنگ آڈیٹر) 30 جون 2020 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے مالیاتی بیانات پر دستخط نہ کر کے اپنے قانونی فرائض کی تعمیل کرنے میں ناکام رہے۔ کمپنی اور کمپنی نے کمپنی کی شکایت کے ازالے کے لیے ICAP سے بھی رجوع کیا۔ مزید برآں ، بی او ڈی نے آڈیٹر کے استعفیٰ کی وصولی کے فورا بعد ہی بی او ڈی کا اجلاس طلب کیا جس میں بی او ڈی نے میسرز ملک ہارون شاہد صفدر اور کمپنی چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس کو کمپنی کا آڈیٹر مقرر کیا ("نیا آڈیٹر 30 جون 2020 کو ختم ہونے والے مالی سال کے لیے۔

# جائزه

مالیاتی اداروں کے ساتھ قانونی چارہ جوئی نے کمپنی کو مجبور کیا کہ وہ اپنے قرضوں کی ذمہ داریوں کی از سرنو تشکیل شروع کرے جو اپنے قرض دہندگان کے ساتھ اپنے وعدوں کو پورا کرنے کے لیے مفاہمت سے مشروط ہے۔ کمپنی نے اہم قرض دینے والے مالیاتی اداروں کی مدد سے قرضوں کی تنظیم نو کا عمل شروع کیا ہے۔ اس سلسلے میں کمپنیز ایکٹ 2017 (سکیم آف ارینجمنٹ) کے سیکشن 279 سے 283 اور 285 کے تحت بندوبست کی ایک اسکیم معزز سندھ ہائی کورٹ کراچی ("کورٹ") کی جانب سے پہلے ہی منظور ہو چکی ہے۔ اس سکیم کو عدالت کے منظور کردہ حرف اور روح کے مطابق نافذ کیا جائے گا۔ اہتمام کی اسکیم کے مطابق کمپنی کے قرض دہندگان تمام قانونی چارہ جوئی واپس لے لیں گے۔

آبر بٹنگ اور مالی کار کر دگی

	اپریسک اور مانی کار کردگی		
Operating indicators	2020	2019	
	(Rupees)	(Rupees)	
Sales	-	-	
Cost of goods sold	-	-	
Financial cost	(19,745)	(269,534,082)	

Pre-tax Loss	(19,157,723)	(699,626,617)	
Provision for taxation	-	43,199,447	
Loss after taxation	(19,157,723)	(656,427,170)	

مستقبل كا أوتْ لك.

تنظیم نو کا عمل جلد ہی مکمل ہونے کی توقع ہے ، ایک بار بندوبست کی اسکیم نافذ ہونے کے بعد ، کمپنی آگے کی راہ کو بہتر بنانے کے لیے بہتر پوزیشن میں ہوگی۔

very کمپنی بہت پر امید ہے کہ رقم کی تنظیم نو اور تصفیہ کے ساتھ مالیاتی اداروں کے زیر التوا مسائل حل ہو جائیں گے ، کمپنی کی مالی صحت بہتر ہو جائے گی جس سے کمپنی نئے منافع بخش راستوں پر توجہ دے سکے گی۔

# آڈیٹرز کے مشاہدات

کمپنی نے ضم شدہ مالیاتی بیان میں مارک آپ کی رقم مکمل طور پر فراہم کی ہے جیسا کہ تمام
 بینکوں/مالیاتی اداروں کی جانب سے اسکیم آف ارینجمنٹ میں تصدیق شدہ رقم ہے۔

- آڈیٹر صرف ان کے ریزرویشن کو ظاہر کرتا ہے کہ انہیں ان کے معمول کے آڈٹ طریقہ کار کے مطابق براہ راست بینکوں سے تصدیق تہیں ملی ہے۔ تاہم ، یہاں یہ ذکر کرنا متعلقہ ہے کہ منسلک مالی بیان میں ، قرض کی رقم اسکیم آف ارینجمنٹ سے لی گئی ہے جس کی تصدیق محفوظ قرض دہندگان نے کی تھی اور اسے عدالت میں پیش کیا گیا تھا۔

trade تجارت میں اسٹاک کی توٹیق نہیں کی جا سکتی کیونکہ عدالتی حکم (احکامات) کے مطابق مختلف گو ڈاؤن کو سیل کر دیا گیا ہے۔ لہذا متعلقہ عدالت کی اجازت سے گو ڈاون کو سیل کر دیا جائے گا۔

كارپوريث گورننس.

کمپنی سیکیورٹیز اینڈ ایکسچینج کمیشن آف پاکستان کے قواعد و ضوابط کی تعمیل کرتی رہی ہے اور مزید سخت چیک اور بیلنس کے ساتھ بہتر داخلی کنٹرول پالیسیاں نافذ کی ہیں۔

بورڈ کے اجلاس اور حاضری۔

بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کے چار (4) اجلاس منعقد ہوئے اور ہر ڈائریکٹر کی طرف سے اس کی حاضری مندرجہ ذیل ہے۔

ڈائریکٹر کا نام اجلاس میں شرکت کی تعداد

جناب محمد اختر مرزا 4-

جناب سبيل مقصود 4

جناب محمد جنید 3-

جناب محمد اشرف خان 4-

جناب محمد أصف اكرم 2-

جناب عابد ستار 4.

جناب محمد عارف 3-

غیر حاضری کی چھٹیاں ان ممبران کو دی گئیں جو اجلاسوں میں شرکت نہیں کر سکتے تھے۔ حساب کتاب کا گروہ یا لوگ

کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز نے کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کی تعمیل کرتے ہوئے ایک آڈٹ کمیٹی قائم کی ہے۔ آڈٹ کمیٹی کے چار (4) اجلاس منعقد ہوئے اور ہر ممبر کی طرف سے اس کی حاضری مندرجہ ذیل ہے۔

ممبران کے نام اجلاس میں شرکت کی تعداد

جناب محمد جنید 4.

جناب عابد ستار 4۔

جناب محمد اختر مرزا 4۔

# HR اور معاوضه كميثي

کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز نے کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کی تعمیل میں HR & اجرت کمیٹی بھی قائم کی ہے۔ اس کے ارکان کے نام کمپنی کی معلومات میں دیے گئے ہیں۔

# اندروني آڏڻ فنکشن

بورڈ نے ایک مستحکم اور موثر داخلی کنٹرول سسٹم نافذ کیا ہے جس میں آپریشنل ، مالیاتی اور کمپلائنس کنٹرول شدہ ماحول میں کمپنی کے کبیلائنس کنٹرول شدہ ماحول میں کمپنی کے بنیادی مقاصد کو پورا کرنے کے لیے موثر آنداز میں چلایا جا سکے۔

اندرونی آڈٹ کے نتائج کا آڈٹ کمیٹی جائزہ لیتی ہے ، جہاں ضروری ہو اندرونی آڈٹ رپورٹوں میں شامل سفارشات کی بنیاد پر کارروانی کی جاتی ہے۔

کارپوریٹ گورننس اور مالیاتی رپورٹنگ فریم ورک

جیسا کہ کارپوریٹ گورننس کے کوڈ کی ضرورت ہے ، ڈائریکٹرز یہ اطلاع دیتے ہوئے خوش ہیں کہ: of کمپنی کے مینجمنٹ کی طرف سے تیار کردہ مالی بیانات اس کے معاملات کی صحیح حالت ، اس کے آپریشن کے نتائج ، نقد بہاؤ اور ایکوئٹی میں تبدیلیاں پیش کرتے ہیں۔

the کمپنی کے اکاؤنٹ کی مناسب کتابیں برقرار رکھی گنی ہیں۔

account مناسب حساب کتاب کی پالیسیوں کو مالی بیانات کی تیاری میں مستقل طور پر لاگو کیا گیا ہے اور اکاؤنٹٹگ کا تخمینہ معقول اور سمجھدار فیصلے پر مبنی ہے۔

• بین الاقوامی اکاؤنٹنگ معیارات ، جیسا کہ پاکستان میں لاگو ہوتا ہے ، مالی بیانات کی تیاری میں عمل کیا گیا ہے۔

internal اندرونی کنٹرول کا نظام درست ہے اور اسے مؤثر طریقے سے نافذ اور مانیٹر کیا گیا ہے۔

corporate کارپوریٹ گورننس کے بہترین طریقوں سے کوئی مادی روانگی نہیں ہوئی ہے جیسا کہ اسٹاک ایکسچینجز کے لسٹنگ کے ضوابط میں تفصیل سے بیان کیا گیا ہے۔

six پچھلے چھ سالوں کا کلیدی آپریٹنگ اور مالیاتی ڈیٹا منسلک ہے۔

taxes ٹیکسوں ، ڈیوٹیوں ، لیویز اور چارجز کی وجہ سے کوئی قانونی ادائیگی نہیں ہے جو 30 جون 2020 تک بقایا ہے سوانے ان کے جو مالی بیانات میں ظاہر کیے گئے ہیں۔

آپ کی کمپنی کی مالی پوزیشن کو متاثر کرنے والی کوئی مادی تبدیلیاں اور و عدے مالی سال کے اختتام کے درمیان نہیں ہوئے ہیں جس سے اس بیلنس شیٹ کا تعلق ہے اور ڈائریکٹرز کی رپورٹ کی تاریخ ، سوائے اس کے کہ مالی بیانات میں انکشاف کیا گیا ہو۔

كمائي/(نقصان) في شيئر.

30 جون 2020 کو ختم ہونے والی مدت کے لیے کمپنی کا فی حصص نقصان روپے تھا۔ (0.86) پچھلے سال کے مقابلے میں روپے (29.54)

منافع

مذکورہ بالا حالات کی وجہ سے ، بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز 30 جون 2020 کو ختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے منافع کی سفارش نہیں کرتے ہیں۔

کارپوریٹ سماجی ذمہ داری

آپ کی کمپنی ذمہ دار کارپوریٹ شہری ہے اور کمیونٹی ، ملازمین اور ماحول کے حوالے سے اپنی ذمہ داری کو پوری طرح تسلیم کرتی ہے۔

ویب کی موجودگی۔

کمپنی کے سالانہ اور متواتر مالی بیانات کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ www.gulshan.com.pk پر شیئر ہولڈرز اور دیگر کی معلومات کے لیے بھی دستیاب ہیں۔

متعلقہ پارٹی لین دین

متعلقہ فریقوں کے درمیان لین دین آرمز کی لمبائی کی قیمتوں پر کیا گیا جس کا تعین "موازنہ شدہ بے قابو قیمت کے طریقہ کار" کے مطابق کیا گیا۔ کمپنی نے پاکستان میں اسٹاک ایکسچینجز کی لسٹنگ کے ضوابط کے مطابق ٹرانسفر پرانسنگ کے بہترین طریقوں کی مکمل تعمیل کی ہے۔ کمپنی کے حصص میں تجارت.

زیر نظر سال کے دوران ، ڈائریکٹرز ، چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر ، چیف فنانشل آفیسر ، کمپنی سیکریٹری اور ان کے شریک حیات اور نابالغ بچوں کی جانب سے کمپنی کے حصص میں کوئی تجارت نہیں ہوتی۔

سٹاف ریٹائر منٹ بینیفٹ کی قیمت پر بیان۔

30 جون 2020 تک گریچواٹی کے لیے موخر ذمہ داری روپے ہے۔ 716،431،796/۔ آڈیٹر ز۔

میسرز ملک بارون شاہد صفدر اینڈ کمپنی ، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس اہل ہونے کے باوجود خود کو دوبارہ تقرری کے لیے پیش کر چکے ہیں۔ آڈٹ کمیٹی نے اگلے مالی سال 2020-2021 کے لیے کمپنی کے بیرونی آڈیٹر کے طور پر ان کی تقرری کی بھی سفارش کی ہے۔

شینر ہولٹنگ کا نمونہ

30 جون 2020 کو شیئر ہولڈنگ کا نمونہ بشمول کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ آف گورننس کی معلومات کو ضم کیا گیا ہے۔

اعتراف

بورڈ ملازمین ، مینجمنٹ ٹیم کے اراکین کی کاوشوں ، عزم اور محنت کے لیے اور سندھ ہائی کورٹ کے احکامات کے مطابق منعقدہ میٹنگ میں ان شیئر ہولڈرز کے لیے ریکارڈ کی تعریف کرنا چاہتا ہے جنہوں نے اسکیم آف آرینجمنٹ کو قبول کیا ہے۔

بورڈ کی جانب سے۔

لابور.

-05.10.2021

محمد اختر مرزا سهیل مقصود. چیئرمین چیف ایگزیکٹو.



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# STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS-2019

Year Ended

June30, 2020

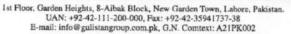
The company has complied with the requirements of listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulation-2019 (the regulations) in the following manner

1- The total number of directors is seven (including the Chief executive officer). The composition of the board is as follow.

Category	Names	
Independent Director	Mr.Muhammad Junaid and Muhammad Asif Akram	
Executive Directors	Mr. Sohail Maqsood and Muhammad Ashraf Khan	
Non-Executive Directors	Mr. Muhammad Arif, Mr. Muhammad Akhtar Mirza, Mr. Abid Sattar Mr. Muhammad Asif Akram and Muhammad Junaid	

- 2- The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director in more than seven listed companies, including this Company.
- 3- None of the directors have defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFI or, being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
- 4- No casual vacancies occurring in the Board during the period under review.
- 5- The company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 6- The Board has developed a Vision/Mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 7- All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions including appointment and determination of remuneration and term and conditions of employment of the chief executive officer and executive and non-executive directors have been taken by the Board.
- 8- The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose and the Board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- 9- The Board has approved appointment of Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment.
- 10- The directors' report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the CCG and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- 11- The financial statements of the company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the board.







12- The Board has formed committees, comprising of members are given below.

A) Audit Committee

Mr.Muhammad Junaid Chairman Mr.Abid Sattar Member Mr.Muhammad Akhtar Mirza Member

B) HR & Remueration Committee

Mr.Muhammad Asif Akram Chairman Mr.Abid Sattar Member Mr.Muhammad Akhtar Mirza Member

13- The term of reference of aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committees for compliance.

14- The frequency of the meetings (quarterly / half yearly / annually) are as per following.

a)Audit Committee Four Meeting were held during the financial year with at least one meeting in each quarter.

b) HR & Remuneration Committee Four Meeting were held during the financial year.

15- The meetings of the audit committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the company and as required by the CCG. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance.

- 16- The board has formed an HR and Remuneration Committee. At present it comprises of three board members of whom two are non-executive directors and chairman of the committee is a non-executive director.
- 17- The Company will appoint female director as per CCG regulation-2019 within the due course of time and will conduct directors training programe before June 30, 2022.
- 18- The board has set up an effective internal audit function.
- 19- The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
- 20- The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 21- We confirm that all requirements of the regulations 3, 6, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the regulations have been complied with.

On behalf of the board of Directors

Chief Executive Officer



Chairman

Lahore -----

**Chartered Accountants** 



Independent Auditor's Review Report To the Members of "Gulshan Spinning Mills Limited"

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance Contained in the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Gulshan Spinning Mills Limited for the year ended June 30, 2020 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

We draw attention to paragraph 17 of the statement of compliance, which states that the Company will appoint the female director as per CCG regulation-2019 within the due course. Our conclusion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Lahore October 05, 2021 Malik Haroon Shahid Safder & Co Chartered Accountants



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CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS



**Chartered Accountants** 



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT to the Members of Gulshan Spinning Mills Limited Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of Gulshan Spinning Mills Limited (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2020, and the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of June 30, 2020, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as applicable in Pakistan.

# Basis for Qualified Opinion

- We were unable to satisfy ourselves regarding the existence and valuation of property, plant, and equipment having carrying values as of June 30, 2020, and 2019 amounting to Rs. 7.580 million and Rs.8.651 million respectively.
- 2. We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about investment amounting to Rs. 141.387 million as of June 30, 2020 (2019: Rs. 139.230). We were unable to determine whether any adjustment to this amount is necessary.
- 3. We were not appointed as auditors of the company until after June 30, 2020, and thus did not observe the counting of physical inventories at the beginning and end of the year. We were unable to satisfy ourselves by alternative means concerning the inventory quantities held on June 30, 2020, and 2019, which are stated in the financial statements at a cost of Rs. 97.195 million and Rs. 97.195 million, respectively.
- 4. We did not receive confirmations from banks and other financial institutions. Accordingly, we are unable to verify bank balances as of June 30, 2020, and 2019 aggregating to Rs.16.037 million and 16.037 million respectively.
- 5. We were unable to satisfy ourselves regarding balances payable in respect of trade and other payables, post-employment benefits payables, and unclaimed dividends amounting to Rs. 22,089 million (2019: 21.599 million), Rs. 16.432 million (2019: 16.850 million) and Rs. 1.037 million (2019: Rs. 1.037 million) respectively.
- 6. Refer to note 20.2, which describes the reason for the non-recognition of mark up on bank liabilities. We, however, don't concur with management's viewpoint.
- 7. As a result of the matters as stated above, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments might have been found necessary in these financial statements. Since the opening balances affect the determination of the results of operations our audit opinion on the opening balances as described in the above paragraphs is also modified accordingly.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are

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**Chartered Accountants** 



independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Pakistan, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

# **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw attention to notes 1.2 and 2.2 of the financial statements, which state that the Company along with its restructuring agent - United Bank Limited, and the majority of the leading financial institutions has signed a "Scheme of Arrangement" under sections 279 to 283 read with section 285 of the Companies Act, 2017 ("the Act") and the directors have determined that the going concern basis of preparation is no longer appropriate. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a liquidation/break-up value basis. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

# Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Following are the key audit matters:

Sr. No	Matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
1	Valuation of disposal group under the s	scheme of arrangement
	Refer to in note 12 to the accompanying financial statements, the directors have decided to settle the Company's liabilities to secured creditors through the sale of items of property, plant, and equipment under the scheme of arrangement.  We identified this area as a key audit matter because the disposal group under the scheme of arrangement constitutes 84% of the total assets of the Company as of June 30, 2020, and determining an appropriate carrying value as a result of impairment involves management judgment and estimation.	Our audit procedures, amongst others included the following:  Inquired and discussed with management to develop are understanding of management for classification of items of property plant, and equipment as disposal group under the scheme of arrangement;  Read minutes of the meeting of the board of directors for the approvation of items of property, plant, and equipment as disposal group under the scheme of arrangement;  Obtained copy of the scheme of the arrangement, duly signed by a majority of secured creditors (banking companies) to establish a complete understanding of the Scheme;  Obtained the revaluation report carried out by the restructuring agent – United Bank Limited from management to verify that carrying



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Sr. No	Matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
		values disclosed in the financial statements are appropriate.
2.	Tax refund due from Government	
	Refer to note 10 to the financial statements The Company has a significant balance of sales tax refundable comprising sales tax refunds, which have been outstanding for many years We identified the recoverability of sales tax amount as a key matter as it involves significant management judgment in determining the recoverable amount, timing, and involvement of fiscal laws.	Our audit procedures, amongst others included the following:  • Obtained the copy of the sales tax return for June 2020 to verify refundable amount;  • Checked the relevant provisions of the Sales Tax Act, 1990 to establish the amount, timing, and other matters incidental to the refundability of the sales tax.
3.	Contingencies and commitments	
	Refer to note 22 to the financial statements; The Company has significant litigations in respect of claims lodged by various banks regarding loan facilities. Given the nature and amount involved in such cases and the appellate forums at which these are pending and the non-receipt of confirmation from a legal advisor, the outcome and resultant accounting in financial statements are subject to significant judgment, which can change over time as new fact emerged and each legal case progresses, and therefore, we have identified this as key matter.	Our audit procedures included the following;  Read the scheme of arrangement and ensure that all the litigation as mentioned in the scheme and approved by the banks are properly disclosed in the financial statements.  Read the minutes of the meeting and evaluate whether the provision of the scheme regarding the withdrawal of the filed litigations is still appropriate.
4.	Payable to banking companies under thup.	e scheme of arrangement and accrued mark

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**Chartered Accountants** 



Sr. No	Matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
	Refer to notes 17 and 21 to the financial statements; We identified payable to banking companies under the scheme of arrangement as a key matter as it constitutes 99% of total liabilities and involves multiple litigations.	Our audit procedures include the following;  Discuss the matter with management and understand the matter.  Collaborate the figures with the amounts disclosed in the scheme of arrangement.  Read the scheme to ensure that no further liability in respect of this balance is expected to arise.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon;

Management is responsible for the other information. The Other Information comprises the information included in the Annual Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

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Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

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**Chartered Accountants** 



Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Usher ordinance, 1980 (XVIII 1980)

# Other Matter

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2019, were audited by another firm of chartered accountants, who had expressed an adverse opinion thereon through their Report dated October 02, 2019.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is *Malik* Haroon Ahmad, FCA.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS A

Lahore October 05, 2020 Malik Haroon Shahid Safder & do.
Chartered Accountants















# **GULSHAN SPINNING MILLS LIMITED** STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2020

	Note	Rupees	2019 Rupees
ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	5	7,580,916	8,651,760
Investments	6	141,387,348	139,230,287
Security deposits		500,000	
Stock-in-trade	7	97,194,845	97,194,845
Trade debtors	8	12,835,272	13,435,272
Loans and advances	9	1,040,867	41,458,602
Tax refund due form Government	10	11,671,849	11,641,652
Cash and bank balances	11	16,259,838	16,172,190
Disposal group under scheme of arrangement	12	1,531,409,057	1,548,235,648
TOTAL ASSETS	-	1,819,879,992	1,876,020,256
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share capital	13	222,250,380	222,250,380
Reserves	14	272,000,000	272,000,000
Sub-ordinated loan	15	250,000,000	250,000,000
Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	16	732,032,293	732,032,293
Accumulated losses		(4,359,108,581)	(4,339,950,858)
Total equity	_	(2,882,825,908)	(2,863,668,185)
LIABILITIES			
Loan from associates and others	17	564,163	37,618,614
Trade and other payables	18	22,089,838	21,599,358
Post employment benefits payables	19	16,431,796	16,850,366
Inclaimed dividend		1,037,103	1,037,103
Payable to banking companies under scheme of arranger	20	4,662,583,000	4,662,583,000
		4,702,705,900	4,739,688,441
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	21		

The annexed notes from 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

**CHIEF EXECUTIVE** 

m should CHIEF-PINANCIAL OFFICER

DIRECTOR

# GULSHAN SPINNING MILLS LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
Sales			
Cost of sales			
Gross Profit			•
Operating Cost	22	-	(40,951,595)
Administrative expenses	23	(27,072,640)	(9,940,578)
Other operating expenses	24	(18,138,669)	(428,550,833)
		(45,211,309)	(479,443,006)
Loss from operations	- 1 - 1 - <del>1</del>	(45,211,309)	(479,443,006)
Other income	25	26,073,331	49,350,471
Finance cost	26	(19,745)	(269,534,082)
Loss before taxation	_	(19,157,723)	(699,626,617)
Taxation	27	-	43,199,447
Loss after taxation		(19,157,723)	(656,427,170)
Loss per share - basic and diluted	28	(0.86)	(29.54)

The annexed notes from 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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CHIEF EXECUTIVE

m Shellod
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Meiddelter, DIRECTOR

# **GULSHAN SPINNING MILLS LIMITED** STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
Loss after taxation Other comprehensive income;	(19,157,723)	(656,427,170)
Impairment loss on operating fixed assets		(456,721,968)
Reversal of deferred tax liability related to surplus on revaluation	-	132,449,371
Derecognition of deferred tax liability on surplus on revaluation	-	109,585,460
Effect of change of rate enacted		-
	•	(214,687,137)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(19,157,723)	(871,114,307)

The annexed notes from 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

M Stoli'd CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

GULSHAN SPINNING MILLS LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Capital reserve	eserve	Revenue	Revenue reserve		
	Share capital	Share	Revaluation surplus	General reserve	Accumulated losses	Sub-ordinated Ioan	Total
				Rupees			
Balance as at July 01, 2018	222,250,380	900,000,999	955,034,725	206,000,000	(3,691,838,983)	250,000,000	(1,992,553,878)
Loss for the year - restated			٠	*	(656,427,170)		(656,427,170)
Other comprehensive income			(214,687,137)				(214,687,137)
			(214,687,137)		(656,427,170)		(871,114,307)
Surplus on revaluation of operating fixed assets realized on account of incremental			(9315 205)		0 2 1 5 2 0 5		
Balance as at July 01, 2019	222,250,380	000,000,99	732,032,293	206,000,000	(4,339,950,858)	250,000,000	(2,863,668,185)
Loss for the year					(19,157,723)		(19,157,723)
Other comprehensive Income							
Transfer from surplus on revaluation of					(19,157,723)		(19,157,723)
of incremental depreciation - net of tax		•		1			•
Balance as at June 30, 2020	222,250,380	99,000,000	732,032,293	206,000,000	(4,359,108,581)	250,000,000	(2,882,825,908)

The annexed notes from 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Shiddattan

# GULSHAN SPINNING MILLS LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Loss before taxation		(19,157,723)	(699,626,617)
Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:			
Depreciation		1,070,844	28,250,746
Stock-in-trade loss due to theft Write-off / provision for obsolete stores			2,005,250 11,814,020
Receivables written-off			360,845,634
Bad debts written-off			8,479,174
Impairment loss		16,826,591	59,226,025
Finance cost		19,745	269,534,082
Interest income		(2,190,073)	(6,935,064)
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment			(1,764,842)
Liabilities written-off			(40,650,565)
Cash flows before working capital changes		(3,430,616)	(8,822,157)
Net changes in working capital	29	1,070,474	14,916,252
Cash generated from operations		(2,360,142)	6,094,095
Interest received		33,012	7,309
Finance cost paid		(19,745)	(2,734,581)
Staff retirement benefits - gratuity paid		(418,570)	(890,258)
Income tax paid		(11,095)	(11,323)
Net cash flows from operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(2,776,540)	2,465,242
Security deposits		(500,000)	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			1,996,406
Net cash flows from investing activities CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(500,000)	1,996,406
Payment of lease liabilities		-	(764,784)
Loan from associates and others		3,364,188	
Net cash used in financing activities		3,364,188	(764,784)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents during the y	ear	87,648	3,696,864
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year		16,172,190	12,475,326
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	11	16,259,838	16,172,190

The annexed notes from 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

MHSS & CO

School , M CHIEF EXECUTIVE m should chief financial officer

DIRECTOR

GULSHAN SPINNING MILLS LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

# S PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment

	THE RESIDENCE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON		The second second	STATE	Owned	pa	STATE OF THE PARTY.	AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN	NAME OF PERSONS ASSESSED.	STATE	Lea	Leased	
Particulars	Freehold land	Factory Buildings	Residential Buildings	Plant and machinery	Electric installations	Gas power Generator	Mills	Office Equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Plant and machinery	Vehicles	Total
	TANKS INC.	THE PERSON NAMED IN		Control of the second	Control of the last of the las	:2020		INTERNATION OF THE PARTY OF THE		The Burney			を 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
As at July 01, 2019								0070100	2724453	020 450		0100011	092 1398
Disnosals /Transfer						100		0.00,070,000	204,427,6	000,400		0170017	OD ATTOO
Depreciation charge			٠					(287,063)	(372,445)	(173,694)		(237,642)	(1,070,844)
Closing net book value June 30, 2020	•	*	ň	•	*		£	2,583,567	3,352,007	694,774	٠	950,568	7,580,916
Revaluation /Cost	324,384,000	692'685'059	79,295,543	1,185,487,474	86,724,093	151,242,269	105,586,068	18,609,402	22,015,174	28,097,563	118,674,987	11,530,665	2,782,236,807
Less: accumulated depreciation impairment		(105,435,332)	(26,308,907)	(328,287,157)	(18,315,507)	(47,326,398)	(87,201,137)	(15,451,709)	(17,918,277)	(27,055,401)	(24,925,924)	(10,104,813)	(708,330,562)
classified as held for sale	(324,384,000)	(545,154,237)	(52,986,636)	(857,200,317)	(68,408,586)	(103,915,871)	(18,384,931)				(93,749,063)		(2,064,183,641)
Net book value June 30, 2020			**	*	*	,		3,157,693	4,096,897	1,042,162		1,425,852	9,722,604
	The second second	TO THE SECOND			Owned	ped	STATE OF THE PARTY	THE REAL PROPERTY.	Name and Persons	THE PERSON NAMED IN	res	Leased	A Section (Ball)
Particulars	Freehold land	Factory Buildings	Residential Buildings	Plant and machinery	Electric installations	Gas power Generator	Mills equipment	Office Equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Plant and machinery	Vehicles	Total
	AND PROPERTY.	CALL AUDITOR		SOMETHINGS.	CALL ALL MAN	2019			San All San Street Street		STATE OF STATE		THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH
As at July 01, 2018 Opening net book value Disposals/Transfer	324,384,000	554,394,139	53,884,714	868,651,617	69,322,453	106,150,708	19,398,347	3,189,589	4,138,280	1,085,585	95,001,453	1,716,826	2,101,317,711
-cost				٠					×			(2,118,000)	(2,118,000)
- accumulated depreciation	*			4			×	*	4		2	1,886,436	1,886,436
					٠					•		(231,564)	(231,564)
Depreciation charge		(9,239,902)	(898,078)	(11,451,300)	(913,867)	(2,234,837)	(1,013,416)	(318,959)	(413,828)	(217,117)	(1,252,390)	(297,052)	(28,250,746)
Impairment charged	(41,691,000)	•		(355,908,412)	(28,403,152)	(43,273,324)	(7,747,621)			,	(38,924,484)		(515,947,993)
Classified as held for sale	(282,693,000)	(545,154,237)	(52,986,636)	(501,291,905)	(40,005,434)	(60,642,547)	(10,637,310)				(54,824,579)		(1,548,235,648)
Closing net book value june 30, 2019							•	2,870,630	3,724,452	868,468		1,188,210	8,651,760
Revaluation /Cost	324,384,000	695'685'059	79,295,543	1,185,487,474	86,724,093	151,242,269	105,586,068	18,609,402	22,015,174	28,097,563	118,674,987	11,530,665	2,782,236,807
Less: accumulated depreciation	,	(105,435,332)	(26,308,907)	(328,287,157)	(18,315,507)	(47,326,398)	(87,201,137)	(15,738,772)	(18,290,722)	(27,229,095)	(24,925,924)	(10,342,455)	(709,401,406)
impairment	(41,691,000)			(355,908,412)	(28,403,152)	(43,273,324)	(7,747,621)			,	(38,924,484)		(515,947,993)
classified as held for sale	(282,693,000)	(545,154,237)	(52,986,636)	(501,291,905)	(40,005,434)	(60,642,547)	(10,637,310)	¥		×	(54,824,579)	(A)	(1,548,235,648)
Net book value June 30, 2019			•	•				2,870,630	3,724,452	868,468		1,188,210	8,651,760
Rate of depreciation		2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	4%	10%	10%	10%	20%	2.5%	20%	

5.1 Depreciation charged during the year has been allocated as follows:

Cost of goods manufactured

Administrative expenses

2019 27,003,790 1,246,956 28,250,746

1,070,844

Notes

### 1 LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

1.1 Gulshan Spinning Mills Limited ("the Company") was incorporated on June 13, 1979, as a public limited company in Pakistan under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (Now Companies Act, 2017). The shares of the Company are listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX). Its main business is manufacturing and sale of yarn.

Geographical location and addresses of all business units and offices are as follows:

Sr.#	Manufacturing units	Address
1	Spinning unit - I	Multan-Vehari Road, Opposite Maaz Filling Station, Malsi, Vehari, Pakistan.
2	Spinning unit - II	64 Km, Lahore-Multan Road, Jamber Khurd, Kot Umer, Pattoki, Pakistan.
3	Spinning unit - III	Nankana Sahib-Warburton Road, Kot Shah Mehmood, Nankana Sahib, Pakistan.
4	Registered office	2nd Floor, Finlay House, I.I. Chundryghar Road, Karachi, Pakistan.
5	Regional office	2nd Floor, Garden Heights, 8 Aibak Block, New Garden Town, Lahore, Pakistan.

### 1.2 Scheme of arrangement with secured creditors

The Company along with its restructuring agent – United Bank Limited and majority of the lending financial institutions signed a "Scheme of Arrangement" under sections 279 to 283 read with section 285 of the Companies Act, 2017 ("the Act"). The Scheme of Arrangement has been sanctioned by the Hon'ble High Court of Sindh at Karachi vide order dated February 06, 2020, passed in J. C. M. Petition No. 14 of 2019. The Scheme of Arrangement, after its sanction by the Court becomes binding on the Company, along with all the shareholders, creditors, stakeholders and any other regulatory / statutory bodies of/ or with respects to the Company. Under the Scheme of Arrangement, the existing financial obligations / liabilities of the Company towards the secured creditors shall be settled by way of sale of property, plant and equipment ("charged assets") of the Company and payment of the proceeds thereof shall be paid to the secured creditors as contemplated under the Scheme of arrangement. All the pending litigation shall be withdrawn in terms of the Scheme of Arrangement.

# 1.3 Summary of significant transactions and events affecting the Company's financial position and performance

- There are no significant transaction and event affecting the Company's financials position and performance during the year, other then those which are disclosed in notes to the financial statements.

# 1.4 Impact of covid-19 on the financial statements

As the Company's business operations are suspended the management of the Company believes that
there would be no significant impact of COVID - 19 that will adversely affect its businesses, results of
operations and financial condition in future period.

### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS's) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Act, 2017 shall prevail.

### 2.2 Basis of measurement

Due to the Scheme described in note 1.2 to these financial statements, the directors have determined that the going concern basis of preparation (as applied in previous years) is no longer appropriate.

Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on net realizable value basis, under the "guideline on the basis of preparation of financial statements for compaanies that are not considered going concern" issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.

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### Notes

# 2.3 Impact of adopting the net realizable value basis of preparation on measurement, classification of assets and liabilities, and disclosures in the financial report.

Under the net realizable value basis of preparation, assets and liabilities are measured at their net realizable value. Net realizable value is based on the proceeds receivable on disposal less costs to sell as detailed in the accounting policies noted below. The value of liabilities is their expected settlement amount as detailed in the accounting policies noted below. Any gains or losses resulting from measuring assets and liabilities to the net realizable value are recognized in profit or loss or otherwise under the auspices of approved accounting standards.

Under the net realizable value basis of accounting, all assets and liabilities are classified as current. In adopting the net realizable value basis, the directors have continued to apply the disclosure requirements of approved accounting standards to the extent they are relevant to the net realizable value basis, and have modified them where this is considered appropriate.

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except for changes specified related to the adoption of the liquidation basis of preparation and to the extent described below.

Following table show how individual account heads are dealt in these financial statements:

Sr. #	Account head	Basis for measurement
1	Property, plant and equipment	Fair market value which approximate the net book value at
2	Long-term investments	Estimated fair value
3	Long term deposits	Realizable value based on probability of recovery
4	Stock-in-trade	Lower of cost or net realizable value
5	Trade debtors	Realizable value based on probability of recovery
6	Loans and advances	Realizable value based on probability of recovery
7	Short-term investments	Estimated market value
8	Other receivable	Realizable value based on probability of recovery
9	Tax refund due form Government	Realizable value based on probability of recovery
10	Bank balances	Undisputed / recoverable balances
11	Disposal group under scheme of arrangem	Forced sale value
12	Subordinated loan	On expected settlement value
13	Surplus on revaluation of operating fixed a	On net book value
14	Loan from associates and others	On expected settlement value
15	Post employment benefits payables	On expected settlement value
16	Trade and other payables	On expected settlement value
17	Accrued mark-up / interest	On expected settlement value
18	Unclaimed dividend	On expected settlement value
19	Payable to banking companies under schel	As given in scheme of arrangement

### 2.4 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in Pak Rupee has been rounded-off to the nearest Rupee except stated otherwise.

Notes .....

### 3 STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND IMPROVEMENTS APPLICABLE TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 3.1 New standards, amendments and improvements effective during the year

Certain standards, amendments and interpretations to IFRS are effective for accounting periods beginning on July 1, 2019 but are considered not to be relevant or to have any significant effect on the company's operations (although they may affect the accounting for future transactions and events) and are, therefore, not detailed in these financial statements, except the following:

### Leases - IFRS 16

IFRS 16 primarily affects the accounting by lessees and results in the recognition of almost all leases on statement of financial position. The standard removes distinction between operating and finance leases and requires recognition of an asset (the right of use the leased item) and a financial liability to pay rentals for virtually all lease contracts. An optional exemption exists for short-term and low-value leases. The accounting by lessors has not significantly changed. Some differences may arise as a result of the new guidance on the definition of a lease. Under IFRS 16, a contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

As a lessee, the Company previously classified leases as operating or finance leases based on its assessment of whether the lease transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership. Under IFRS 16 the Company recognizes right of use assets and lease liabilities for leases - i.e. these leases are now disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position.

# 3.2 Standards, amendments and improvements to approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following new standards and amendments to approved accounting standards are not yet effective for the financial year beginning on July 1, 2019 and have not been early adopted by the Company:

### IAS 1 & 8 - Definition of material

Effective date: January 1, 2020

Amendments to IAS 1, 'Presentation of Financial Statements' and IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors' are intended to make the definition of material in IAS-1 easier to understand and are not intended to alter the underlying concept of materiality in IFRS Standards. In addition, the IASB has also issued guidance on how to make materiality judgements when preparing their general purpose financial statements in accordance with IFRS Standards. Refined definition of materiality - Information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements, which provide financial information about a specific reporting entity.

# IAS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements

Effective date: January 1, 2020

Under existing IAS 1 requirements, companies classify a liability as current when they do not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the end of the reporting period. As part of this amendment, the requirement for a right to be unconditional has been removed and instead, the amendment requires that a right to defer settlement must have substance and exist at the end of the reporting period.

There are number of other standards, amendments and interpretations to the approved accounting standards that are not yet effective and are also not relevant to the Company and therefore, have not been presented here.

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#### 4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied over previous years before preparing financial statements on net realizable value basis are;

# 4.1 Property, plant and equipment - owned

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses with the exception of freehold land which is measured at revalued amount less accumulated impairment losses, buildings, plant and machinery, power house, electric installation, factory equipment, air conditioner and lease hold power house which are measured at revalued amount less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less any identified impairment loss. Transfers are made to relevant fixed assets category as and when assets are available for use.

Cost of items of property, plant and equipment comprises purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, and includes other costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction, erection and installation.

Major renewals and improvements to an item of property, plant and equipment are recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the embodied future economic benefits will flow to the company and the cost of renewal or improvement can be measured reliably. The cost of day to day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognized in profit and loss as incurred.

Surplus arising on revaluation of an item of property, plant and equipment is credited to surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment, except to the extent that it reverses deficit on revaluation of the same assets previously recognized in profit and loss, in which case the surplus is credited to profit and loss to the extent of deficit previously charged to income. Deficit on revaluation of an item of property, plant and equipment is charged to profit and loss to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any held in surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment relating to previous revaluation of that item.

On subsequent sale or retirement of revalued item of property, plant and equipment, the attributable surplus net of deferred tax, if any, remaining in the surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment is transferred directly to unappropriated profit. An amount equal to incremental depreciation, being the difference between the depreciation based on revalued amounts and that based on original cost, net of deferred tax, if any, is transferred from surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment to unappropriated profit every year.

Depreciation on all items of property, plant and equipment except for freehold land is charged to profit and loss applying the reducing balance method over the useful life of each item at the rates specified in the respective note. Depreciation on additions is charged from the day on which the asset is available for use, while on disposals depreciation is charged up to the date of disposal or when the item is classified as held for disposal.

The useful life and depreciation method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the method and period of depreciation are consistent with expected pattern of economic benefits from items of property, plant and equipment.

An item of property, plant and equipment is de-recognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and carrying amount of the assets) is recognized in profit and loss in the year in which the asset is derecognized.

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### 4.2 Right of use asset

At the inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease based on whether the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The extension and termination options are incorporated in determination of lease term only when the Company is reasonably certain to exercise these options.

The lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, or if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate. At initial recognition, liabilities were discounted using the Company's incremental borrowing rate. The lease liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate.

Right-of-use assets are initially measured based on the initial amount of the lease liabilities adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentive received. The right of-use assets are depreciated on reducing balance method over the lease term as this method most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits. The carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is reduced by impairment losses, if any. At transition, the Company recognised right to use assets equal to the present value of lease payments.

# 4.3 Assets classified as disposal group

Assets held for disposal are classified as disposal group if there carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sale/ disposal rather than through continuing use. Such non-current assets are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less cost to sell. Property and equipment and intangibles assets once classified as held for sale / disposal are not depreciated or amortized.

# 4.4 Investments

#### Regular way purchase or sale of investments

All purchases and sales of investments are recognized using trade date accounting. Trade date is the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the investment.

# Investments in equity instruments of associated companies

Investments in associated companies are accounted for by using equity basis of accounting, under which the investments in associated companies are initially recognized at cost and the carrying amounts are increased or decreased to recognize the Company's share of profit or loss of the associated companies after the date of acquisition. The Company's share of profit or loss of the associated companies is recognized in the Company's profit or loss. Distributions received from the associated companies reduce the carrying amounts of investments.

Adjustments to the carrying amounts are also made for changes in the Company's proportionate interest in the associated companies arising from changes in the associated companies' equity that have not been recognized in the associated companies' profit or loss. The Company's share of those changes is recognized directly in equity of the Company. Where Company's share of losses of associated companies equals or exceeds its interest in the associates, the Company discontinues recognizing its share of further losses except to the extent that Company has incurred legal or constructive obligation or has made payment on behalf of the associates. If the associates subsequently reports profits, the Company resumes recognizing its share of those profits only after its share of the profit equals the share of losses not recognized.

### Available for sale investments

These investments are initially measured at their fair value plus directly attributable transaction cost and at subsequent reporting dates, measured at fair values and gains or losses from changes in fair values other than impairment loss are recognized in other comprehensive income until disposal at which time these are recycled to profit or loss. Impairment loss on investments available for sale is recognized in the profit or loss.

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#### Other investments

Other investments like defense saving certificates are held to maturity. Interest is accrued on these investments according to the rate provided by the issuer.

Investments with fixed maturity that the management has the positive intent and ability to hold till maturity, are classified as 'held to maturity' and are initially measured at cost and at subsequent reporting dates measured at amortized cost using the effective yield method.

All investments are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

# 4.5 Stores, spare parts and loose tools

Stores, spare parts and loose tools are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined by moving average method less provision for obsolescence. Items considered obsolete are carried at nil value. Items in transit are valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon.

#### 4.6 Stock-in-trade

Stock-in-trade is valued at lower of weighted average cost and net realizable value (NRV) except waste, which is valued at NRV.

Net realizable value signifies the selling price in the ordinary course of business less cost of completion and cost necessary to be incurred to effect such sale. Cost of raw materials, packing materials and components represent invoice values plus other charges paid thereon.

Cost in relation to work-in-process and finished goods represents direct cost of raw materials, wages and appropriate manufacturing overheads.

Goods in-transit are valued at cost comprising of invoice value plus other charges accumulated up to the reporting date.

### 4.7 Trade debts and other receivables

Trade debts are initially recognized at original invoice amount which is the fair value of consideration to be received in future and subsequently measured at cost less provision for doubtful debts. Carrying amounts of trade and other receivables are assessed at each reporting date and a provision is made for doubtful receivables when collection of the amount is no longer probable. Debts considered irrecoverable are written-off.

#### 4.8 Staff retirement benefits - gratuity

The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme covering for all its permanent employees who have completed the minimum qualification period for entitlement to the gratuity.

Provision is made annually to cover the obligation on the basis of actuarial valuation and charged to income currently. Expense comprising of current service cost and interest cost is recorded in profit and loss account, whereas any re-measurements due to actuarial assumptions are charged to other comprehensive income as and when they arise.

#### 4.10 Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of current tax payable, adjustments, if any, to provision for tax made in previous years arising from assessments framed during the year for such years and deferred tax.

#### Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxability of certain income streams of the Company under presumptive / final tax regime at the applicable tax rates and remaining income streams chargeable at current rate of taxation under the normal tax regime after taking into account tax credit and tax rebates available, if any. The charge for current tax includes any adjustment to past years liabilities.

#### Deferred

Deferred tax is recognized using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for the financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax asset is recognized for all the deductible temporary differences only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized. Deferred tax asset is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all the taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

# 4.11 Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Contingent assets are not recognized and are also not disclosed unless an inflow of economic benefits is probable and contingent liabilities are not recognized and only disclosed unless the probability of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote.

# 4.12 Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to income in the period in which they are incurred.

# 4.13 Revenue recognition

- Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable on the following basis;
- Local sales are recognized on dispatch of goods to customers and export sales are recognized on bill of lading date.
- Dividend income from the investments is recognized, when the Company's right to receive dividend has been established.
- Mark-up on loans to related parties and profit on saving accounts is accrued on time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective profit rate applicable.

# 4.14 Foreign currency translations

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupee, using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupee at the exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date. All arising exchange gains and losses are recognized in the profit and loss account.

# 4.15 Financial instruments

#### Non-derivative financial assets

The Company classifies non-derivative financial assets as available for sale (6), loans and other receivables. Loans and receivables comprise investments classified as loans and receivables, cash and cash equivalents and trade and other receivables.

#### Trade debts, other receivables and other financial assets

Trade debts and other receivables are initially recognized at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, these are measured at amortized cost using effective interest method, less any impairment losses. Known bad debts are written off, when identified.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash-in-hand, cash with banks in current, saving and deposit accounts, bank overdraft and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Non-derivative financial liabilities

The Company initially recognizes non-derivative financial liabilities on the date that they are originated or the date that the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired.

These financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Non-derivative financial liabilities comprise mark-up bearing borrowings including obligations under finance lease, bank overdrafts and trade and other payables.

# 4.16 Off-setting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are off-set and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to off-set the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle either on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 4.17 Related party transactions

All transactions with related parties are carried out by the company at arms' length price using the method prescribed under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (comparable uncontrolled price method) with the exception of loan taken from related parties which is interest / mark-up free.

# 4.18 Impairment loss

The carrying amounts of the Company's assets are reviewed at each reporting date to identify circumstances indicating occurrence of impairment loss or reversal of provisions for impairment losses. If any indications exist, the recoverable amounts of such assets are estimated and impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognized in the profit and loss account and in case revalued assets are tested for impairment, then impairment loss up to the extent of revaluation surplus shall be recognized in revaluation surplus and remaining loss, if any shall be recognized in profit and loss account. Reversal of impairment loss is restricted to the original cost of the asset.

# 4.19 Dividend and appropriation to reserves

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders and appropriation to reserves are recognized in the period in which these are approved.

## 4.20 Significant accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The areas where various assumptions and estimates are significant to the Company's financial statements or where judgements were exercised in application of accounting policies are as follows:

- (i) Estimate of useful lives, residual values of property, plant and equipment and recoverable values to account for impairment loss. (note 4.1)
- (ii) Net realisable values of stores, spares and loose tools and stock-in-trade.(note 4.5 and 4.6)
- (iii) Provision for impairment of trade debts.(note 4.7)
- (iv) Provision for staff retirement benefit gratuity.(note 4.8)
- (v) Provision for taxation (note 4.10)

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		Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
6	INVESTMENTS			
	Investments in:			
	- Joint venture	6.1		- 2
	- Defence saving certificate	6.2	66,103,420	63,946,359
	- Investment on order of court	6.3	75,283,928	75,283,928
			141,387,348	139,230,287
	6.1 Investments in a Joint venture - under equity method			
	Gujranwala Energy Limited 7500,000 (2019:7500,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each - cost	6.1.1	75,000,000	75,000,000
	Accumulated share of post acquisition loss		(75,000,000)	(75,000,000)

- 6.1.1 This represent 50% interest in Gujranwala Energy Limited (GEL), a joint venture, between the Company and Energy Infrastructure Holdings Limited for setting up 200 MW power project at Sungo-Wali, Tehsil Wazirabad, District Gujranwala. Un-audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020, of GEL have been used by the management to determine the value of its investments in joint venture under the equity method. Further, the audited financial statements for the years ended June 30, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015, 2014, . 2013, 2012 and 2011 of GEL were also not available and values of this investment of that years are based on un-audited financial statements. Following disclosures are also based on the above mentioned un-audited financial statements. Further detail are given in note no 21.1.4.
  - 6.2 This represents investment in Defence Savings Certificates, having aggregate face value of Rs. 21.00 million (2018: Rs. 21.00 million). These certificates are maturing on various dates by March 5, 2020. Accrued mark-up aggregating Rs. 45.103 million (2019: Rs. 42.946 million) is included in the carrying value. These are under lien with a bank against guarantee amounting Rs. 19.504 million (2019: Rs. 19.504 million).
  - 6.3 The Honorable High Court of Sindh via its order against suite no. B-64 of 2012 dated July 04, 2015 allowed a plaintiff bank the sale of cotton bales and stocks through public auction at the best market rate available. The Court assigned Official Assignee to sell the stocks through the public auction conducted August 28, 2015 in accordance with the law/rules and ordered the sales proceeds to be invested in some government profitable scheme upon realization. The Official Assignee via its report dated December 15, 2015 informed the Court of the sale of stock and investment of sale proceeds in government profitable scheme.

			Note	2020	2019
			Note	Rupees	Rupees
7	STOC	K-IN-TRADE			
	Raw i	naterial		61,706,635	61,706,635
	Finish	ned goods		35,488,210	35,488,210
				97,194,845	97,194,845
	Provi	sion for obsolete stocks			•
				97,194,845	97,194,845
	7.1	All of the stock in trade of the Compa disclosed in note to these financial state Court against all banks / financial in (Recovery of Finances) Ordinance, 2001 filed suits before banking courts and lattachment and sale of Company's hypo- fully disclosed in note 22.1.2.	ements. The Comp astitutions under Further various high courts for re	eany filed a global suit in section 9 of the Fina banks and financial inst ecovery of their finance	n the Lahore High ancial Institutions titutions have also ial assets through
	mp 4 r	on prome			
8	TRAL	DE DEBTS - unsecured	0.4	40 005 050	49 495 959
		Local - considered good	8.1	12,835,272	13,435,272
		Local - considered doubtful	_	12.025.252	13,435,272
		P. data C. J. Jack J. Jaka	8.3	12,835,272	13,433,272
	Les	s : Provision for doubtful debts	8.3	12,835,272	13,435,272
	8.1	This includes following amounts which	mertain to related		15,155,272
	0.1	Paramount Spinning Mills Limited	pertain to related	97,706	697,706
		Gulistan Spinning Mills Limited		5,910,478	5,910,478
		dunistan opining rinis binited	_	6,008,184	6,608,184
	8.2	Doubtful trade debts has been written-or these financial statement.	off as probability o		
	8.3	Movement in provision for doubtful of	lebts		
		Balance at beginning of the year			113,983,771
		Less: reversal during the year			
		Provision for the year		_	-
		written-off during the year			(113,983,771)
		Balance at end of the year		J	- 1
9		IS AND ADVANCES - unsecured			
		isidered good			
	Adva	nces to:			
		- Employees		904	-
		- Others	9.1	1,039,963	41,458,602
				1,040,867	41,458,602
	9.1	This represents advances to Gulistan amount due as at the end of any m			

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41,458,602/-).

		Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
	9.2 As at June 30, 2020, advances to million) were past due but not in			
	Upto 1 month		-	7¥
	1 to 2 months			1.50
	2 to 3 months			-
	4 to 12 months		-	-
	More than 12 months		1,039,963	41,458,602
			1,039,963	41,458,602
10	TAX REFUND DUE FROM GOVERNMEN	т		
	Income tax		11,095	
	Sales tax		11,660,754	11,641,652
		_	11,671,849	11,641,652
11	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
	Cash-in-hand			-
	Balances with banks in;			
	- current accounts	11.1	7,437,907	7,350,259
	- deposit accounts		63,522	63,522
	- term deposit receipts	11.2	8,758,409	8,758,409
			16,259,838	16,172,190
			16,259,838	16,172,190

- 11.1 Majority of the Company's bank accounts operations have been blocked by the respective banks due to on-going litigations with these banks as detailed in note 22.1 to these financial statements.
- 11.2 These are under lien regarding guarantees provided to different government departments.

# 12 DISPOSAL GROUP UNDER SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT

	1,531,409,057	1,548,235,648
Impairment of plant and machinery	(58,517,591)	
Reversal of impairment on freehold land	41,691,000	
Impairment:		
Plant and machinery	54,824,579	54,824,579
Leased:		
Mills Equipment	10,637,310	10,637,310
Gas power generators	60,642,547	60,642,547
Electric installations	40,005,434	40,005,434
Plant and machinery	501,291,905	501,291,905
Residential Buildings	52,986,636	52,986,636
Factory Buildings	545,154,237	545,154,237
Freehold land	282,693,000	282,693,000
Owned:		

Note	2020	2019
Note	Rupees	Rupees

# 12.1 Particulars of immovable fixed assets are as follows:

Particulars	Address	Area of land (Kanals)	
Land	Qutab Pur, Lodhran, Pakistan.	71.40	71.40
Spinning unit - I	Multan-Vehari Road, Opposite Maaz Filling Station, Malsi, Vehari, Pakistan.	90.90	90.90
Spinning unit - II	64 Km, Lahore-Multan Road, Jamber Khurd, Kot Umer, Pattoki, Pakistan.	139.20	139.20
Spinning unit - III	Nankana Sahib- Warburton Road, Kot Shah Mehmood, Nankana Sahib, Pakistan.	198.00	198.00

- 12.1 The Company along with its restructuring agent United Bank Limited and majority of the lending financial institutions has signed a "Scheme of Arrangement" under sections 279 to 283 read with section 285 of the Companies Act, 2017 ("the Act") as detailed in note 1.2. Hence, above mentioned assets has been classified and presented under disposal group under scheme of arrangement.
- 12.2 Valuation report of an independent valuers, Oriental Engineering Services and Luckyhiya Associate (Pvt.) Limited, dated 04 February 2021 and July 14, 2021, respectively, indicate that the force sale values of freehold land and building have increased by Rs. 80,648,000 and Rs. 6,125,145, respectively and value of plant and machinery has decreased by Rs. 58,517,591. The management believes that there is no material difference between the forced sale value of these assets as on reporting date and date of valuation report and hence are properly accounted for in these financial statements in accordance with guideline of IFRS 5. However, the upward increase in land and building amounting to Rs. 38,957,000 and Rs. 6,125,145, respectively, is not accounted for in these financial statements.

# 13 ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL

	2020 Numbers	2019 Numbers		2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
			Authorized capital		1
	25,000,000	25,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each	250,000,000	250,000,000
			Issued, subscribed and paid-up cap	pital	
	9,300,000	9,300,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each issued as fully paid in cash	93,000,000	93,000,000
	12,925,038	12,925,038	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each issued as fully bonus shares	129,250,380	129,250,380
	22,225,038	22,225,038		222,250,380	222,250,380
3.1	- Control of the Cont	shares held by rties at the ye	· Control of the cont	2020	2,019
	Gulistan Sp	inning Mills Li	imited - Number	10,302	10,302

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		Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
14	RESERVES			
	Capital reserve Share premium	14.1	66,000,000	66,000,000
	Revenue reserve			
	General reserve		206,000,000	206,000,000
			272,000,000	272,000,000
15	SUB-ORDINATED LOAN - unsecured		250,000,000	250,000,000

This is an interest-free loan obtained from Director of the Company in previous years. This loan is subordinated to the finances provided by secured creditors and does not carry mark-up. The loan shall not be repaid without obtaining consent from the secured creditors subject to availability of resources and at discretion of the Company. This loan has been classified in equity as per technical release 'Accounting Directors' Loan (TR-32) of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.

# 16 SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Balance at the beginning of the year	732,032,293	1,200,465,944
Transfer to unappropriated profits in respect of; - incremental depreciation		(11,711,683)
Less: impairment charged		(456,721,968)
Balance at the beginning of the year - gross	732,032,293	732,032,293
Related deferred tax liabilities on:		
- revaluation at the beginning of the year	-	245,431,219
- Incremental depreciation on revalued assets		(3,396,388)
- Impairment on fixed assets		(132,449,371)
- derecognition of deferred tax liability		(109,585,460)
	732,032,293	732,032,293

The Company revalued its land, buildings, plant and machinery, electric installations and mill's equipment as on October 23, 2018. Impairment loss has . been charged to surplus on revaluation on those assets against which surplus was available. Deferred tax arisen on surplus on revelation has be adjusted due to financial statements are prepared on net realizable value basis.

# 17 LOAN FROM ASSOCIATES AND OTHER PARTIES

	n Weaving Mills Limited t free loan from other parties - unsecured	17.1	300,000 264,163	300,000 37,318,614
iici co	the four form office parties ansection		564,163	37,618,614
17.1	Interest free loans from other parties - un	secured ==		
	Balance at beginning of the year		37,318,614	37,318,614
	Add: funds received during the year		3,364,188	
	Less: Adjusted under tri-party agreement	17.3	(40,418,639)	
			264,163	37,318,614

Note	2020	2019
11010	Rupees	Rupees

- 17.2 These loans were advanced by Spouse of the ex-Chief Executive and his other relatives in order to meet working capital requirements.
- 17.3 During the year the company entered into a tri-party agreement with Gulistan Spinning Mills Limited and other related parties (as mentioned in note 18.2). According to the terms of agreement the company has adjusted the liability against balance receivable from Gulistan Spinning Mills Limited amounting to Rs. 40,418,639.

18		E AND OTHER PAYABLES ed expenses		3,308,289	3,098,289
		payable		18,781,549	18,501,069
	outer	payable	_	22,089,838	21,599,358
19	POST	EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PAYABLES			
	Post e	mployment benefits payables	19.1	16,431,796	16,850,366
	19.1	Movement in post employment benefit	s payable		
		Net liability at beginning of the year		16,850,366	22,099,921
		Less: benefits paid		(418,570)	(5,249,555)
		Net liability at end of the year		16,431,796	16,850,366

The Company has not hired an actuary to carry out evaluation of its defined benefit obligation for this reporting year.

# 20 PAYABLE TO BANKING COMPANIES UNDER SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT

United Bank Limited		116,918,000	116,918,000
Faysal Bank Limited		190,203,000	190,203,000
Habib Bank Limited		576,194,000	576,194,000
Askari Bank Limited		317,533,000	317,533,000
Bank Alfalah Limited		297,882,000	297,882,000
MCB Bank Limited		93,762,000	93,762,000
Al-Babaka Bank (Pakistan) Limited		197,160,000	197,160,000
Allied Bank Limited		299,434,000	299,434,000
Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited		347,263,000	347,263,000
Silk Bank Limited		111,755,000	111,755,000
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited		47,900,000	47,900,000
Bank Islami Pakistan LIMITE		67,000,000	67,000,000
The Meezan Bank		246,006,000	246,006,000
Bank of Punjab Limited		450,528,000	450,528,000
National Bank of Pakistan		194,012,000	194,012,000
IS Bank Limited		106,325,000	106,325,000
First National Bank Modaraba		45,000,000	45,000,000
Mark-up payable under scheme of arrangement	20.2	957,708,000	957,708,000
117	-	4,662,583,000	4,662,583,000

NAHSS & CO

Note 2020 2019 Rupees Rupees

20.1 This represents payable to banking companies under scheme of arrangement as detailed below:

The Company along with its restructuring agent - United Bank Limited and majority of the lending financial institutions has signed a "Scheme of Arrangement" under sections 279 to 283 read with section 285 of the Companies Act, 2017 ("the Act"). The said Scheme has been approved by the Board of the Company on March 20, 2019 and submitted to the Honorable High Court of Sindh on May 06, 2019 for approval. Under this Scheme, the existing financial obligations / liabilities of the Company towards the secured creditors shall be settled by way of sale of moveable and immovable assets of the Company including land, building, plant & machinery and payment of the proceeds thereof to the secured creditors as contemplated under this Scheme of arrangement.

The said Scheme was approved by the requisite majority of the secured creditors and shareholders of the Company as required in the Act, in their respective meeting held on August 07, 2019. The Honorable High Court of Sindh at Karachi (SHC) has approved the said "Scheme of Arrangement" vide judgement dated February 06,2020, and now the Scheme has become binding on the Company, along with all the shareholders, creditors, stakeholders and any other regulatory / statutory bodies of/ or with respects to the Company. The Scheme seeks to record the terms and conditions of a legally binding compromise and arrangement between the secured creditors on one part and the Company and its directors and sponsors on the other part, for ensuring, inter alia, the settlement of the existing liabilities and ancillary measures as mentioned in note 1.2 to these financial statements.

20.2 Due to the long outstanding multiple litigations with banks the mark up expense for the year can not be reliably estimated, hence no provision for the markup for one and half year is recognised in these financial statements.

# 21 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### 21.1 Contingencies due to litigation with banks and financial institutions

- 21.1.1 On approval of the Scheme from the Honorable High Court of Sindh as detailed in note 1.2 to these financial statements interalia, all the below-mentioned litigation with banks / financial institutions will be withdrawn subject to the sale of Assets and Charged Stocks and completion of all relevant formalities, in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme. This Scheme, inter alia, affects the outcome of following litigation by or against the Company with various financial institutions.
- 21.1.2 Various banks and financial institutions have filed recovery suits before various Banking Courts in Pakistan for recovery of their alleged long-term, short-term and lease liabilities through attachment and sale of Company's hypothecated / mortgaged / charged stocks and properties. The aggregate amount of these claims is Rs. 4,662.583 million (2019: Rs. 4,662.583 million). The management is strongly contesting the above mentioned suits on the merits as well as cogent factual and legal grounds available to the Company under the law. In case of any adverse decision, the management of the Company moves to upper court for relief/appeal/review. However, all these cases will be withdrawn in terms of the scheme. Since, all the cases are pending before various Courts, therefore, the ultimate outcome of these cases can not be established to the dates of these financial statements. Among all the case referred above, the most notable cases by or against the Company are explained in the following sub-notes.

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Note	2020	2019
Note	Rupees	Rupees

- 21.1.3 The Company filed a suit in the Honorable Lahore High Court (LHC) against all banks / financial institutions it was dealing with under Section 9 of the Financial Institutions (Recovery of Finances) Ordinance, 2001 ("the Ordinance") for redemption / release of security, rendition of accounts, recovery of damages, permanent injunction and ancillary reliefs. The LHC vide its interim order dated October 25, 2012, ordered not to disturb the present position of current assets and fixed assets of the Company and no coercive action shall be taken against the Company. The LHC through its order dated September 11, 2013, dismissed the case on legal grounds. The Company filed appeal before Divisional Bench of the LHC against the above-mentioned order. The Divisional Bench passed an order, dated November 27, 2013 that respondent banks will not liquidate the Company's assets and operation of impugned judgement and decree dated September 11, 2013, will remain suspended meanwhile. The appeal filed by the company was accepted vide order dated November 11,2020, whereby the learned Division Bench directed that "the matter shall be placed before the learned Single Judge exercising powers under Financial Institutions (Recovery of Finances) Ordinance, 2001 to proceed in the suit and to decide the application for leave to defend".
- 21.1.4 Gujranwala Energy Limited (GEL) through Standard Chartered Bank Limited ("the Bank had provided a commitment guarantee of Euro € 3.00 million in favor of Wartsila Finland OY and performance guarantee of US \$ 1.00 million in favor of Private Power and Infrastructure Board (PPIB). The Company being 50% joint venture partner in GEL is responsible to the extent of 50% of the said guarantees only. GEL had obtained stay orders against encashment of these guarantees, later after vacation of stay orders both the guarantees were encashed. However, the suit No. 795/09 filed by GEL against PPIB and Wartsiala Finland OY and others before the Honorable High Court of Sindh at Karachi is still sub-judice wherein the suit will be decided on merits after framing of issues and recording of evidences. The guarantee issued to Wartsila Finland OY was a conditional guarantee and could not have been encashed even after vacation of stay order for which GEL had written letters to the Bank that before fulfillment of the conditions guarantees cannot be encashed. Even otherwise the suits instituted by GEL before the Honorable High Court of Sindh as well as the Civil Court, Lahore are still pending The Honorable High Court of Sindh via its order dated July 22, 2015 dismissed the stay order previously granted in favor of GEL against encashment of guarantees. The H.C.A No. 21 of 2016 filed by GEL against the order dated July 22, 2015 was also dismissed vide order dated May 06, 2016. The management of the Company has made necessary adjustments to these financial statements in light of the above-mentioned court decision by booking its share of loss. Standard Chartered Bank Pakistan Limited has filed suite # B-18 of 2018 against GEL, in Honorable High Court of Sindh for recovery of Rs. 246. 939 million along-with liquidated damages, cost of funds, charges and costs till realization of whole amount. As the management of the Company has proposed a Scheme of arrangement, provision of above stated amount has been recognized in these financial statements to amount expected for settlement along with existing financial obligations / liabilities of the Company towards the respective bank as detailed in note 1.2, and 20.

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Note	2020	2019
Note	Rupees	Rupees

- 21.1.5 Askari Bank Limited has filed a suit COS No. 37/2013 for recovery of Rs. 295.797 million on account of two facilities i.e. cash finance facility and running finance facility provided to the Company. The Honorable Lahore High Court decreed in favor of the plaintiff bank to the extent of Rs. 295.797 million together with the cost of funds. The Company has filed appeal against the impugned judgment, which is pending adjudication before the Division Bench of the Honorable Lahore High Court. At the same time, the plaintiff bank has filed an execution petition before the single bench of the Lahore High Court, which is pending adjudication.
- 21.1.6 Meezan Bank Limited has filed a suit COS No. B-09/2013 for recovery of Rs. 46.492 million on account of Murabaha finance facilities provided to the Company. The Honorable Banking Court No. II, Karachi decreed the suit vide its judgment dated December 20, 2016, in favor of the plaintiff bank to the extent of Rs. 46.492 million together with the cost of funds. The Company has filed appeal before the Honorable High Court of Sindh against the impugned judgment and the same is pending adjudication before the Honorable High Court of Sindh at Karachi.
- 21.1.7 First National Bank Modaraba filed a suit hearing # 122/15 against the Company for recovery of Rs. 45.905 million. The Honorable Banking Court Lahore vide its judgement dated September 19, 2017, decreed against the Company in favor of First national Bank Modaraba for recovery of Rs. 45.905 million. The execution proceedings under the said judgement were started under section 19 of the Financial Institutions (Recovery of Finance Ordinance, 2001. The management has not recognized the impact of the said decree and execution proceedings in these financial statements, since the same is pending adjudication.
- 21.1.8 Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited has filed a suit against the Company for recovery of Rs.57.605 million with the Honorable Lahore High Court, Lahore. The Honorable Lahore High Court vide its judgement dated May 27, 2016 decreed the suit against the Company and the same was converted into execution proceedings by the Court under section 19 of the Financial Institutions (Recovery of Finance) Ordinance, 2001. The Company has not recognized any adjustment to these financial statements. The execution proceeding is pending for adjudication at the Banking Court, Lahore.
- 21.1.9 Habib Bank Limited (previously First Habib Bank Modaraba) filed a suit against the Company for recovery of Rs. 2,633,486 in the Honorable Banking Court no. 1, Karachi. The said Court decreed suit against the Company vide its judgment dated April 21, 2016. The same was converted into execution proceedings by the court under section 19 of the Financial Institution (Recovery of Finance) Ordinance, 2001. The management of the Company has not recognized any adjustment to these financial statements. The execution proceeding is pending adjudication at the Banking Court, Lahore.
- 21.1.10 The Company has instituted a suit against MCB Bank Limited vide COS No. 22/15 wherein along with other prayers, the Company has also prayed for recovery of Rs. 413.094 million on account of acts and omissions committed by the Bank against the Company. The matter is pending adjudication before Lahore High Court, Lahore (LHC). MCB Bank Limited had also instituted a suit for recovery against the Company and others vide COS No. 104/13, before the LHC. However, the suit was returned vide order dated April 05, 2016 on account of lack of jurisdiction. Thereafter, the Bank instituted a suit bearing No. B-42/16 for recovery before the Sindh High Court at Karachi (SHC) which is also pending adjudication.

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Note 2020 2019
Rupees Rupees

- 21.1.11 AlBaraka Bank Limited has filed a suit under section 20 of the Financial Institution Recovery of Finance Ordinance, 2001, ("the Ordinance") against the Company and its management before the Banking Court Lahore and the same is pending adjudication.
- 21.1.12 Bank of Punjab instituted a suit for recovery of Rs. 501.719 million before the Honorable Lahore High Court, Lahore ("LHC") under section 9 of the Financial Institution Recovery of Finance Ordinance, 2001, ("the Ordinance") against the Company and others bearing COS No. 48/13. The suit was decreed vide judgment and decree dated March 28, 2018. However, the Company has filed an appeal before the LHC against the Judgment and decree dated March 28, 2018, which is also pending adjudication before the LHC. The Execution Petition No. 233642/18 for the same amount as decreed is also pending adjudication before the LHC.

# 21.2 Contingencies due to litigation with parties other than banks and financial institutions

21.2.1 The Company has not provided for Rs. 12.519 million (2019: Rs. 12.519 million) in respect of infrastructure cess levied by the Government of Sindh. The case was decided against the Company by a single judge of the Honorable High Court of Sindh. The decision was challenged before division bench of the same high court and stay for collection of cess was granted. The Honorable High Court of Sindh decided the case by declaring that the levy and collection of infrastructure fee prior to December 28, 2006, was illegal and ultra vires and after that it was legal. The Company filed an appeal in the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the above-mentioned judgement of the Honorable High Court of Sindh. Further, the Government of Sindh also filed appeal against part of judgement decided against them. The above appeals were disposed-off in May 2011 with a joint statement of the parties that, during the pendency of the appeals, another law come into existence, which was not subject matter in the appeal, therefore, the decision thereon be first obtained from the High Court before approaching the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan with the right to appeal. Accordingly, the petition was filed in the Honorable High Court of Sindh in respect of the above view. During the pendency of this appeal an interim arrangement was agreed, whereby bank guarantees furnished for consignments cleared up to December 27, 2006, were returned and bank guarantees were furnished for 50% of the levy for consignment released subsequent to December 27, 2006, while payment was made against the balance amount. As at June 30, 2020, the Company has provided bank guarantees aggregating Rs. 19.504 million (2019: Rs. 19.504 million) in favor of the Excise and Taxation Department. The bank guarantees given by various banks on behalf of the Company to various parties are remain with the respective banks. The petition was disposed off in terms of the A455 & CC consolidated judgment dated June 04, 2021.

Note 2020 2019
Rupees Rupees

- 21.2.2 Vide judgment dated August 22, 2014,the Hon'ble Supreme Court of Pakistan, has declared the Gas Infrastructure Development Cess Act, 2011, ultra-vires to the Constitution and also directed that the entire amount so far recovered from the consumers be refunded. In order to nullify the legal effect of the above judgment of the Supreme Court of Pakistan, the Federal Government promulgated the Gas Infrastructure Development Cess Ordinance, 2014, whereby not only the cess was imposed fresh but all the judgments passed earlier were declared to have no legal effect against the previous recovery of the arrears of Gas Infrastructure Development Cess from the year 2011. The Gas Infrastructure Development Cess Ordinance, 2014, was also challenged before different high courts of Pakistan and in the meanwhile the Gas Infrastructure Development Cess Act, 2015, was imposed to the same effect as that of Gas Infrastructure Development Cess Ordinance, 2014. Yet again, the Gas Infrastructure Development Cess Act, 2015, was challenged before the Honorable Lahore High Court as well as before the Honorable High Court of Sindh. The Honorable High Court of Sindh vide its judgment dated October 26, 2016, decreed the suits in favor of the consumer, whereby the Gas Infrastructure Development Cess Act, 2015, was held to be ultra vires and unconstitutional and further directed Sui Southern Gas Company Limited as well as Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited to refund the amounts received under the head of Gas Infrastructure Development Cess from 2011 till date However later on the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan in its judgment dated August 13, 2020, passed in Civil Appeals No. 1113 to 1155 of 2017 etc. have given directions to gas utility companies (SNGPL) for the calculation of GIDC wherein the Hon'ble Supreme Court of Pakistan was pleased to waive off the Late Payment Surcharge and to recover GIDC in 24 equal monthly installments after making proper calculations. However, in the light of the Judgment dated August 13. 2020, read with Sub-section 2 of Section 8 of the GIDC Act 2015, SNGPL is not entitled to recover GIDC from the Company as the company has not neither collected the GIDC from its clients / customers and even not passed on to its clients / customers.
- 21.2.3 Company has challenged recovery of the Electricity Duty on self-generation of electricity. The Honorable Lahore high Court has passed order in favor of the Company and hence stayed the recovery of the same duty. Company, through this appeal has challenged the recovery of Electricity Duty on self-generation. Supreme court of Pakistan has ordered in favor of the Company and hence stayed the recovery of the same duty.

# 21.3 Other contingencies

- 21.3.1 The scheme of arrangement specify that mark up liability shall be updated on the asset sale date. As mentioned in note 21.2 that due to litigation with banks the mark up expense can not be reliabily estimated and accordingly, the mark up expense relating to one and a half year has not been accounted for in these financial statements.
- 21.3.2 Counter guarantees of Rs. 78.363 million (2019: Rs. 78.363 million) were given by the Company to various banks / financial institutions as at June 30, 2020, in respect of guarantees issued in favor of various Government Departments / Institutions and Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited. The bank guarantees given by various banks on behalf of the Company to various parties are remain with the respective banks.

### 21.4 Commitments

21.4.1 There is no capital commitment as at June 30, 2020 (2019: Nil).

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		Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
22	OPERATING COST			
	Provision against finished goods		•	2,005,250
	Stores written off		•	11,814,020
	Depreciation		•	27,003,790
	Other expenses	-		128,535 40,951,595
		-		10,702,070
23	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
	Salaries, wages and other benefits		11,005,406	300,000
	Fee and subscriptions		6,647,720	107,645
	Rent, rates and taxes		600,000	
	Printing and stationery		16,828	121,031
	Communication		144,446	341,179
	Electricity, gas and water		109,867	
	Repair and maintenance		447,816	
	Advertising		388,820	
	Entertainment		74,910	2,206
	Insurance Expense		136,986	
	Office running expenses		79,746	
	Travelling and conveyance		3,089,251	1,006,561
	Legal and professional		2,850,000	6,205,000
	Auditor's remuneration	23.1	410,000	610,000
	Depreciation		1,070,844	1,246,956
			27,072,640	9,940,578
	23.1 Auditor's remuneration			
	Annual audit		400,000	600,000
	Compliance report on Code of Corpo	rate Governance	10,000	10,000
			410,000	610,000
24	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES			
	Receivables written - off			360,845,634
	Payment against liabilities previously writte	n - off	1,312,078	
	Debtors written - off		•	8,479,174
	Impairment loss		16,826,591	59,226,025
			18,138,669	428,550,833

		Note	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
25	OTHER INCOME			
	Income from financial assets			
	Interest on;			
	- term-deposit receipts		3,833	768
	- deposit accounts		29,179	6,541
	- Defence Saving Certificates		2,157,061	6,927,755
	Receipts from bad debts		23,883,258	
			26,073,331	6,935,064
	Income from non-financial assets			
	Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment		*	1,764,842
	Liabilities written off			40,650,565
			26,073,331	49,350,471
5	FINANCE COST			
	Bank charges		19,745	6,084
	Other financial charges			137,430,343
	Mark-up under scheme of arrangement			132,097,655
			19,745	269,534,082
	TAXATION			
7				
7	Current	27.1		2
7	Current Deferred Taxation	27.1		
7	(	27.1	<u> </u>	- - 43,199,447
7	Deferred Taxation Derecognition of deferred tax liability	_	of the Income Tay O	43,199,447
8	Deferred Taxation	er section 113		43,199,447 rdinance, 2001, is
	Deferred Taxation Derecognition of deferred tax liability  27.1 No provision for minimum tax due und incorporated as the Company has nil turn therefore, also not required.  LOSS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED Loss after taxation - (Rupees) Weighted average number of ordinary shares	er section 113	year. Numeric tax rat	43,199,447 rdinance, 2001, is e reconciliation is, (656,427,170)
	Deferred Taxation  Derecognition of deferred tax liability  27.1 No provision for minimum tax due und incorporated as the Company has nil turn therefore, also not required.  LOSS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED  Loss after taxation - (Rupees)  Weighted average number of ordinary shares Outstanding during the year - (Number)	er section 113	(19,157,723) 22,225,038	43,199,447 rdinance, 2001, is e reconciliation is, (656,427,170) 22,225,038
	Deferred Taxation Derecognition of deferred tax liability  27.1 No provision for minimum tax due und incorporated as the Company has nil turn therefore, also not required.  LOSS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED Loss after taxation - (Rupees) Weighted average number of ordinary shares Outstanding during the year - (Number) Loss per share - basic and diluted - (Rupees)	er section 113 nover during the	(19,157,723)  22,225,038 (0.86)	43,199,447 rdinance, 2001, is e reconciliation is, (656,427,170)
	Deferred Taxation  Derecognition of deferred tax liability  27.1 No provision for minimum tax due und incorporated as the Company has nil turn therefore, also not required.  LOSS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED  Loss after taxation - (Rupees)  Weighted average number of ordinary shares Outstanding during the year - (Number)	er section 113 nover during the	(19,157,723)  22,225,038 (0.86)	43,199,447 rdinance, 2001, is e reconciliation is, (656,427,170) 22,225,038
В	Deferred Taxation Derecognition of deferred tax liability  27.1 No provision for minimum tax due und incorporated as the Company has nil turn therefore, also not required.  LOSS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED Loss after taxation - (Rupees) Weighted average number of ordinary shares Outstanding during the year - (Number) Loss per share - basic and diluted - (Rupees)	er section 113 nover during the	(19,157,723)  22,225,038 (0.86)	43,199,447 rdinance, 2001, is e reconciliation is, (656,427,170) 22,225,038
В	Deferred Taxation Derecognition of deferred tax liability  27.1 No provision for minimum tax due und incorporated as the Company has nil turn therefore, also not required.  LOSS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED Loss after taxation - (Rupees) Weighted average number of ordinary shares Outstanding during the year - (Number) Loss per share - basic and diluted - (Rupees) There is no dilutive effect on the basic loss per share	er section 113 nover during the	(19,157,723)  22,225,038 (0.86)	43,199,447 rdinance, 2001, is e reconciliation is, (656,427,170) 22,225,038
В	Deferred Taxation Derecognition of deferred tax liability  27.1 No provision for minimum tax due und incorporated as the Company has nil turn therefore, also not required.  LOSS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED Loss after taxation - (Rupees) Weighted average number of ordinary shares Outstanding during the year - (Number) Loss per share - basic and diluted - (Rupees) There is no dilutive effect on the basic loss per share	er section 113 nover during the	(19,157,723)  22,225,038 (0.86)	43,199,447 rdinance, 2001, is e reconciliation is,  (656,427,170)  22,225,038  (29.54)
3	Deferred Taxation Derecognition of deferred tax liability  27.1 No provision for minimum tax due und incorporated as the Company has nil turn therefore, also not required.  LOSS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED Loss after taxation - (Rupees) Weighted average number of ordinary shares Outstanding during the year - (Number) Loss per share - basic and diluted - (Rupees) There is no dilutive effect on the basic loss per share CHANGES IN WORKING CAPITAL Decrease / (increase) in current assets:	er section 113 nover during the	(19,157,723)  22,225,038 (0.86)	43,199,447 rdinance, 2001, is e reconciliation is,  (656,427,170)  22,225,038  (29.54)
В	Deferred Taxation Derecognition of deferred tax liability  27.1 No provision for minimum tax due und incorporated as the Company has nil turn therefore, also not required.  LOSS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED Loss after taxation - (Rupees) Weighted average number of ordinary shares Outstanding during the year - (Number) Loss per share - basic and diluted - (Rupees) There is no dilutive effect on the basic loss per share  CHANGES IN WORKING CAPITAL Decrease / (increase) in current assets: Trade debts	er section 113 nover during the	(19,157,723)  22,225,038 (0.86)  600,000 (904)	43,199,447 rdinance, 2001, is e reconciliation is,  (656,427,170)  22,225,038  (29.54)  10,596,316 (311,568)
В	Deferred Taxation Derecognition of deferred tax liability  27.1 No provision for minimum tax due und incorporated as the Company has nil turn therefore, also not required.  LOSS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED Loss after taxation - (Rupees) Weighted average number of ordinary shares Outstanding during the year - (Number) Loss per share - basic and diluted - (Rupees) There is no dilutive effect on the basic loss per share  CHANGES IN WORKING CAPITAL Decrease / (increase) in current assets: Trade debts Loans and advances Sales tax	er section 113 nover during the	(19,157,723)  22,225,038 (0.86)	43,199,447 rdinance, 2001, is e reconciliation is,  (656,427,170)  22,225,038  (29.54)  10,596,316 (311,568) (19,901)
В	Deferred Taxation Derecognition of deferred tax liability  27.1 No provision for minimum tax due und incorporated as the Company has nil turn therefore, also not required.  LOSS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED Loss after taxation - (Rupees) Weighted average number of ordinary shares Outstanding during the year - (Number) Loss per share - basic and diluted - (Rupees) There is no dilutive effect on the basic loss per share  CHANGES IN WORKING CAPITAL Decrease / (increase) in current assets: Trade debts Loans and advances	er section 113 nover during the	(19,157,723)  22,225,038 (0.86)  600,000 (904) (19,102) -	43,199,447 rdinance, 2001, is e reconciliation is,  (656,427,170)  22,225,038  (29.54)  10,596,316 (311,568) (19,901) 3,860,973
	Deferred Taxation Derecognition of deferred tax liability  27.1 No provision for minimum tax due und incorporated as the Company has nil turn therefore, also not required.  LOSS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED Loss after taxation - (Rupees) Weighted average number of ordinary shares Outstanding during the year - (Number) Loss per share - basic and diluted - (Rupees) There is no dilutive effect on the basic loss per share  CHANGES IN WORKING CAPITAL Decrease / (increase) in current assets: Trade debts Loans and advances Sales tax	er section 113 nover during the	(19,157,723)  22,225,038 (0.86)  600,000 (904)	43,199,447 rdinance, 2001, is e reconciliation is,  (656,427,170)  22,225,038  (29.54)  10,596,316 (311,568) (19,901)

Note 2020 2019
Rupees Rupees

#### 30 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

No remuneration was paid to chief executive officer and 07 directors (2019: 07). Company had no executive during the year (2019: nil).

### 31 CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION

Numbers of spindles installed 44,784 44,784

Numbers of rotors installed 1,440 1,440

Financial institutions and banks have curtailed and blocked the short-term limits, froze the funds in current accounts to clear mark-up and other dues and attempted to realize their securities. These factors created liquidity crises due to, which the Company could not run its operations.

# 32 FINANCIAL INSTUMENTS BY CATEGORY

#### Financial assets - amortized cost

Investments	75,283,928	75,283,928
Security deposits	500,000	
Trade debtors	12,835,272	13,435,272
Loans and advances	1,040,867	41,458,602
Cash and bank balances	16,259,838	16,172,190
	16,259,838.0	16,172,190.0
Financial liabilities - amortized cost		
Loan from associates and others	564,163	37,618,614
Trade and other payables	22,089,838	21,599,358
Unclaimed dividend	1,037,103	1,037,103
	23,691,104	60.255.075

### 32.1 Fair values of financial instruments

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged or liability be settled between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. As at the reporting date, fair values of all financial instruments are considered to approximate their carrying amounts.

# 32.2 Methods of determining fair values

Fair values of financial instruments, with the exception of investment in associates, for which prices are available from the active market are measured by reference to those market prices. Fair values of financial assets and liabilities with no active market and those of investments in subsidiaries are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis based on inputs from other than observable market.

# 32.3 Discount/interest rates used for determining fair values

The interest rates used to discount estimated cash flows, when applicable, are based on the government yield curve as at the reporting date plus an adequate credit spread.

# 32.4 Significant assumptions used in determining fair values

Fair values of financial asset and liabilities that are measured at fair value subsequent to initial recognition are determined by using discounted cash flow analysis. This analysis requires management to make significant assumptions and estimates which may cause material adjustments to the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities in future periods. These assumptions are not fully supportable by observable market prices or rates. The Company uses various significant assumptions for determining fair value of financial assets and liabilities and incorporates information about other estimation uncertainties as well.

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Note 2020 2019
Rupees Rupees

# 32.5 Significance of fair value accounting estimates to the Company's financial position and performance

The Company uses fair value accounting for its financial instruments in determining its overall financial position and in making decisions about individual financial instruments. This approach reflects the judgement of the Company about the present value of expected future cash flows relating to an instrument. The management believes that fair value information is relevant to many decisions made by users of financial statements as it permits comparison of financial instruments having substantially the same economic characteristics and provides neutral basis for assessing the management's stewardship by indicating effects of its decisions to acquire, sell or hold financial assets and to incur, maintain or discharge financial liabilities.

#### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company has exposures to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

liquidity risk; and

market risk

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of Company's risk management framework. The Board of Directors is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies.

# 33.1 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the financial loss that would be recognized at the reporting date, if counter parties fail completely to perform as contracted/fail to discharge an obligation/commitment that it has entered into with the Company.

Credit risk mainly arises from deposits, trade debts, loans and advances, other receivables and balances with banks. The carrying amounts of financial assets that represent the Company's maximum credit exposure as at the reporting date are as follows:

Investments	75,283,928	75,283,928
Security deposits	500,000	
Trade debtors	12,835,272	13,435,272
Loans and advances	1,040,867	41,458,602
Cash and bank balances	16,259,838	16,172,190
	105,919,905	146,349,992

The credit quality of Company's bank balances can be assessed with reference to external credit ratings as follows:

Bank	Rating Agency	Rat	ing
Dank	Rating Agency	Short term	Long term
United Bank Limited	JCR-VIS	A-1+	AAA
Habib Bank Limited	JCR-VIS	A-1+	AAA
Bank Islami Limited	PACRA	A-1	A+
MCB Bank Limited	PACRA	A-1+	AAA
Bank Al Habib Limited	PACRA	A-1+	AA+
Askari Bank Limited	PACRA	A-1+	AA+
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	PACRA	A-1+	AA+
Sindh Bank Limited	VIS	A-1	A+
Bank of Punjab Limited	PACRA	A-1+	AA
National Bank of Pakistan Limited	PACRA	A-1+	AAA

1455 8:00

Note

2020 Rupees 2019 Rupees

#### 33.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulties in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Company is facing difficulty in maintaining sufficient level of liquidity due to financial problems as all the banks and financial institutions have blocked / ceased their finances facilities and filed suits for recovery of these finances.

	2020			2019	
Carrying amount	Due within one year	Due after one year	Carrying amount	Due within one year	Due after one year
		Ru	pees		
564,163	564,163		37,618,614	37,618,614	*
22,089,838	22,089,838		21,599,358	21,599,358	
1,037,103	1,037,103		1,037,103	1,037,103	
4,662,583,000	4,662,583,000		4,662,583,000	4,662,583,000	
22,654,001	22,654,001		59,217,972	59,217,972	×
	564,163 22,089,838 1,037,103 4,662,583,000	564,163 564,163 22,089,838 22,089,838 1,037,103 1,037,103 4,662,583,000 4,662,583,000	Vear   Vear   Vear   Vear   Vear   Ru   S64,163   - C2,089,838   C2,089,838   C3,037,103   C4,662,583,000   C4,662,583,000	Carrying amount         year         Carrying amount           Rupees           564,163         564,163         - 37,618,614           22,089,838         22,089,838         - 21,599,358           1,037,103         1,037,103         - 1,037,103           4,662,583,000         4,662,583,000         - 4,662,583,000	Carrying amount         year         Carrying amount         year           Rupees           564,163         564,163         - 37,618,614         37,618,614           22,089,838         22,089,838         - 21,599,358         21,599,358           1,037,103         1,037,103         - 1,037,103         1,037,103           4,662,583,000         4,662,583,000         - 4,662,583,000         4,662,583,000

In order to manage liquidity risk, the management along with its restructuring agent (a leading bank) and a few other banks are negotiating with banks / financial institutions for restructuring of principal and mark-up / interest and rescheduling of repayment terms as detailed in note 1.2 to the financial statements and the management envisages that sufficient financial resources will be available to manage the liquidity risk.

# 33.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market price, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments.

# (a) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

At reporting date, the Company is not exposed to currency risk that's why currency risk analysis has not been provided.

#### (b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

Majority of the interest rate risk of the Company arises from borrowings from banks and deposits with banks. However, the Company is not providing for mark-up/ interest on its finances and lease liabilities due to litigation with banks and financial institutions as detailed in note 22.1. At the reporting date the profile of the Company's interest bearing financial instruments is as follows:

Financial assets 66,103,420 63,946,359
Financial liabilities -

# Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rate at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss of the Company.

# Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments is not presented as the Company is not providing for mark-up institutions.

Note 2020 2019
Rupees Rupees

#### 33.4 Fair value of financial instruments

As at June 30, 2020, the carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate to their fair values except investment in an Associated Company which is valued under equity method of accounting. Further, staff loans which are valued at their original cost less repayments.

### 33.5 Capital risk management

The Company's prime objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders, benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Company manages its capital structure by monitoring return on net assets and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend paid to shareholders and/or issue new shares.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year. Further, the Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements, except those, related to maintenance of debt covenants, commonly imposed by the providers of debt finance which the Company could not comply as at the reporting date.

### 34 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties comprise of associated companies, directors of the Company, key management personnel, companies in which directors, key management personnel and close members of the families of the directors and key management personnel are interested. The Company, in the normal course of business, carries out transactions with various related parties. Remuneration of the key management personnel is disclosed in note 36. Amounts due from and to related parties are shown under loan from associate and others. Other significant transactions with related parties are as follows:

Name of related party	Relationship	Transactions	2020	2019
S		Advance / loan provided		185,555
Paramount Spinning Mills Limited	Common directorship	Payment received	600,000	
Gulistn Spinning Mills Limited Co	C 21 - 11	Advance / loan provided		778,800
	Common directorship	Adjustment of loan	40.418.639	

35	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES	2020	2019
	Number of employees as at June 30,		
	- Permanent	5	2
	Average number of employees during the year		
	- Permanent	5	6

WHSS & CO

2019 2020 Note Rupees Rupees CORRESPONDING FIGURES Corresponding figures have been re-arranged wherever necessary for purposes of better presentation as Reclassification to component Reclassification from component Rupees Payable to banking companies under 957,708,000 Mark up on Scheme of arrangement scheme of arrangement Administrative expenses Distribution cost 514,169

### EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

Depreciation

Except for the events as mentioned in note 12.2 of these financial statements, there are no significant adjusting or non adjusting events after the reporting date requiring adjustment or disclosure in financial statements.

Depreciation

38 DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE , Board of Directors of These financial statements were authorized for issue on \_ the Company.

m Shalid
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

DIRECTOR

# GULSHAN SPINNING MILLS LIMITED

# KEY OPERATING & FINANCIAL DATA FOR THE LAST SIX YEARS

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
			Restated	Restated		
OPERATING RESULTS						
Total number of spindle installed	44,784	44,784	44,784	44,784	44,784	44,784
Average number of spindles worked						13,495
Total number of rotors installed	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440	1,440
Average number of rotors worked						244
Installed capcity after conversion into 20's	18,140,662	18,140,662	18,140,662	18,140,662	18,140,662	18,140,662
Actual production after conversion into 20's						4,600,071
Sales				15 222 888	05 555 040	24 5/1 005
Gross (loss)/profit	-	-	(02.044.800)	15,332,888	85,557,040	24,761,805
11 12 12 13 14 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	(10 127 070)	(420,000,505)	(93,941,809)	(107,049,920)	(103,418,915)	(394,530,507)
Operating (loss)/profit	(19,137,978)	(430,092,535)	(110,265,290)	(147,851,973)	(164,186,044)	(476,810,795)
Financial Expenses	(19,745)	(269,534,082)	(449,292)	(605,981)	6,969,097	12,174,790
(Loss)/Profit before tax	(19,157,723)	(699,626,617)	(47,040,187)	(72,633,070)	(184,624,989)	(498,146,217)
(Loss)/Profit for the year after taxation	(19,157,723)	(656,427,170)	(44,839,947)	(26,735,446)	(186,047,987)	(417,126,338)
Unappropreated profit carried forward	(4,359,108,581)	(4,339,950,858)	(3,691,838,982)	(3,531,808,072)	(2,805,061,306)	(2,659,970,836)
FINANCIAL POSITION						
Paid up capital	222,250,380	222,250,380	222,250,380	222,250,380	222,250,380	222,250,380
Share holder's equity	(2,882,825,908)	(2,863,668,185)	(2,242,553,877)	(2,074,778,135)	(1,354,529,999)	(2,270,812,574)
Long term loans	-			*:		114,386,763
Obligation under finance lease	98			2)	4	18,918,802
Deffered Liabilities	16,431,796	16,850,366	307,334,199	319,959,641	366,027,814	364,370,612
Current Liabilities	4,686,274,104	4,722,838,075	4,242,779,132	4,161,796,973	3,505,148,091	3,624,659,939
Fixed Assets	7,580,916	8,651,760	2,101,317,712	2,151,494,285	2,203,633,647	2,257,518,874
Disposal group under scheme of arrangement	1,531,409,057	1,548,235,648			-	5
Long term investment	141,387,348	139,230,287	132,302,532	126,125,291	119,284,405	95,352,143
Long term deposits	500,000	*	11,894,448	8,476,563	8,476,563	8,476,563
Current Assets	139,002,671	179,902,561	312,044,762	370,882,340	435,251,290	604,108,840

# GULSHAN SPINNING MILLS LIMITED CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS AS AT JUNE 30, 2020

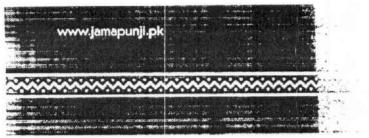
Particulars	No. of Shares Holders	No. of Shares Held	Percentage
Directors, Chief Executive Officer and their spouse and			
minor children	7	3,830	0.02
Associated Companies, Undertakings and Related			
Parties	1	10,302	0.05
NIT & ICP	3	1,204,130	5.42
Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non- Banking			
Financial Institutions	5	342,756	1.54
Insurance Companies	1	263,326	1.18
Joint Stock Companies	7	75,761	0.34
General Public (Local)	3,488	10,574,734	47.58
Other Companies	11	9,750,199	43.87
	3,523	22,225,038	100.00

# GULSHAN SPINNING MILLS LIMITED CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS AS AT JUNE 30, 2020

A)	) ASSOCIATED COMPANIES, UNDERTAKINGS AND RELATED PARTIES		SHARES
	Gulistan Spinning Mills Limited		10,302
B)	NIT & ICP		
	IDBP (ICP UNIT) National Bank of Pakistan Trustee Department CDC - Trustee National Investment (Unit) Trust		106 550 1,203,474
C)	DIRECTORS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, THEIR SPOU	JSES	
	DIRECTORS		
4	Mr. Muhammad Akhtar Mirza Mr. Abid Sattar Mr. Sohail Maqsood Mr. Muhammad Arif Mr. Muhammad Asif Akram Mr. Muhammad Ashraf Khan Mr. Muhammad Junaid		500 500 650 500 500 610 570
D)	BANKS, DEVELOPMENT FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS, BANKING FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS, INSURANCE CO MODARABAS & MUTUAL FUNDS		
	BANKS		
	National Bank of Pakistan NIB Bank Limited Islamic Investment Bank Limited Al-Faysal Investment Bank Limited		313,865 19,496 9,345 50
	INSURANCE		
	State Life Insurance Corporation of Pakistan		263,326
E)	Other Companies		9,750,199
F)	Joint Stock Companies		75,761
G)	General Public (Local)		10,574,734
		_	22,225,038
G)	SHAREHOLDERS HOLDING 05% OR MORE		
	Mr. Tanveer Ahmed Mr. Abdul Shakoor OPAL (SMC-PRIVATE) LIMITED BLESSED CORPORATION (PVT.) LTD. Gulistan Textile Mills Limited Peridot Products (Pvt.) Limited National Bank of Pakistan Trustee Department		2,077,979 2,098,071 2,200,000 1,925,000 2,112,655 2,065,470 1,203,474
H)	TRADING IN THE SHARES OF COMPANY DURING TH DIRECTORS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, CHIEF FINAL COMPANY SECRETARY AND THEIR SPOUSES AND M	NCIAL OFFICER, NIL	

Number of Shareholders	From	areholding To	Shares Held	Percentag
2,415	1	100	33,041	0.15
678	101	500	159,263	0.72
134	501	1,000	109,741	0.49
168	1,001	5,000	406,992	1.83
48				
	5,001	10,000	372,897	1.68
11	10,001	15,000	134,649	0.61
8	15,001	20,000	147,331	0.66
5	20,001	25,000	117,500	0.53
3	25,001	30,000	85,500	0.38
1	30,001	35,000	34,500	0.16
5	35,001	40,000	188,840	0.85
5	40,001	45,000	217,499	0.98
1	45,001	50,000	50,000	0.22
2	50,001	55,000	102,000	0.00
1	55,001	60,000	60,000	0.27
2	60,001	70,000	134,274	0.60
4	70,001	75,000	298,790	1.34
1	75,001	90,000	86,500	0.39
2	90,001	100,000	198,380	0.89
3	100,001	105,000	311,203	1.40
1	105,001	110,000	105,111	0.47
1	110,001	115,000	110,011	0.49
1	115,001	125,000	122,500	0.55
3	125,001	130,000	384,205	1.73
2	130,001	200,000	274,214	1.23
1	200,001	230,000	200,131	0.90
1	230,001	260,000	231,500	1.04
1	260,001	295,000	263,326	1.18
1	295,001	300,000	300,000	1.35
1	300,001	310,000	308,845	1.39
1	310,001	345,000	313,190	1.41
1	345,001	475,000	349,651	1.57
1	475,001	490,000	477,410	2.15
1	490,001	620,000	494,885	2.23
1	620,001	795,000	624,201	2.81
1	795,001	1,200,000	800,000	3.60
1	1,200,001	1,920,000	1,203,474	5.41
1	1,920,001	2,010,000	1,925,000	8.66
1	2,010,001	2,065,000	2,012,288	9.05
1	2,065,001	2,095,000	2,065,470	9.29 -
1	2,095,001	2,100,000	2,098,071	9.44
1	2,100,001	2,195,000	2,112,655	9.51
1	2,195,001	2,200,000	2,200,000	9.90
3,523			22,225,038	99.54

<sup>\*</sup> Note: There is no shareholding in the slab not mentioned





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# Form of Proxy

# **Gulshan Spinning Mills Limited**

I/We	being member of Gulshan Spinning Mills Limited holder of			
ordinar	y shares as per Share Registe	er Folio No	and/or	
CRC participant I.D. No	Account No _		hereby appoint	
who is	also member of Gulshan S	pinning Mills I	imited vide Folio	
Noor CDC	participant I.D. No	Aecoun	t No or	
failing him/her of Mr	of	who is	also member of	
Gulshan Spinning Mills Lim	ited vide Folio No	or CDC particip	pant I.D. No	
Account No	as my/our proxy to	attend, speak a	nd vote for me/us	
and on my/our behalf at the	Annual General Meeting of	f the Company	to be held on 30 <sup>th</sup>	
October 2021 at 01:15 P.m and	d at any adjournment thereof			
As witness my/our hand this_	day of	_2021	Appropriate	
Signed by the said		_	Revenue	
Witness 1:-			Stamp	
Name:		_		
Adress:				
CNIC:		_		
Witness 2:-				
Name:		_		
Adress:				
CNIC:		_		
Notes:				
1 TI D : 1 . 1 . 1				

- 1. The Proxy in order to be valid must be duly stamped, signed and witnessed and be deposited with the Company not later than 48 hours before the time of holding of Meeting.
- 2. The proxy must be a member of the Company.
- 3. Signature should agree with the specimen signature, registered with the Company.
- 4. CDC Shareholders, entitled to attend and vote at this meeting, must bring with them their National Identity Card/Passport in original to prove his/her identity, and in case of Proxy must enclose an attested copy of his/her NIC or passport.
- 5. Representative of corporate members should bring the usual documents required for such purpose.

# پراکسی فارم

# گلشن اسیننگ ملز لمیتلا

بحیشیت گلشن اسپننگ ملز لمیٹڈ کے رکن ، مالک	میں / ہم
عام حصص مطابق رجسٹرڈ فولیو نمبر اور / یا سی	براۓ ـــ
شرکت کننده آئی ڈی نمبر کھاتہ نمبر ۔۔۔ کھاتہ نمبر ۔۔۔ اس طرح مقرر	۔آر۔ سی
جناب جو کھ گلشن اسپننگ ملز لمیٹڈ کے رکن بھی ہیں	كرتا ہوں
فوليو نمبر يا سى ـ ڈى۔ سى شركت كننده آئى۔ ڈى نمبر	، بذریہ
ر یا انکی ناکامی کی صورت میں جناببرائے	کھاتہ نمبر
جو کھ گلشن اسپننگ ملز لمیٹڈ کے رکن بھی ہیں ، بذریہ فولیو	
یا سی ڈی۔ سی شرکت کنندہ آئی۔ ڈی نمبر کھاتہ نمبر	نمبر
_ جیسا کہ میری / ہماری پراکسی میں شرکت کرنے کے لئے، بات کرنے کے لئے	
ڈالنے کے لئے اکتوبر 2021 کو دوپہر 1:15 بجے اور اس کے کسی بھی	اور ووٹ
، منعقد ہونے والی کمپنی کےسالانہ اجلاس میں۔	تعاقب مير
	v v
مارے ہاتھ 2021 کے ـــــــدن کا گواہ ہونے کے طور پر ـــــــــــــــــــکی نشاندہی	
	ے گواہ 1: -
	ېتہ : - <u></u> CNIC: -
	۲۰۱۲: - گواه 2: -
	نام:
	پتہ:
	:CNIC

# نوث:

آپر اکسی درست ہونا لازمی طور پر مہربند، دستخط اور گواہی دی جاسکتی ہے اور کمپنی کے ساتھ اجلاس کے قیام کے وقت سے 48 گھنٹوں کے بعد جمع نہیں ہونا چاہئے.

2 پراکسی کمپنی کا ایک رکن ہونا ضروری ہے.

3۔ دستخط اس کمپنی کے ساتھ ر جسٹر ڈ نمونہ دستخط سے متفق ہونا چاہئے.

4۔اس اجلاس میں شرکت اور ووٹ لینے کے حق میں سی ڈی سی کے حصے دار ، اپنی شناخت کو ثابت کرنے کے لئے اصل قومی شناختی کارڈ / پاسپورٹ لائے ، اور پراکسی کی صورت میں انکو اپنے این آئی سی یا پاسپورٹ کی کاپی کی تصدیق کروانا ضروری ہے .

5 کارپوریٹ ارکان کے نمائندے کو اس مقصد کے لئے ضروری دستاویز ات اپنے ساتھ لانا چاہئے.